Grifols, S.A.

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and Directors' Report, together with Independent Auditor's Report

Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish based on our work performed in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.



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Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish based on our work performed in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Shareholders of Grifols, S.A.,

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Grifols, S.A. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022, and the statement of profit or loss, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the equity and financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022, and its results and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Company (identified in Note 2-a to the financial statements) and, in particular, with the accounting principles and rules contained therein.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. Our responsibilities under those regulations are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for fathe Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those pertaining to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Spain pursuant to the audit regulations in force. In this regard, we have not provided any services other than those relating to the audit of financial statements and there have not been any situations or circumstances that, in accordance with the aforementioned audit regulations, might have affected the requisite independence in such a way as to compromise our independence.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Assessment of the recoverable amount of ownership interests in Group companies and associates

Description

As indicated in Note 12 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company has ownership interests in the share capital of Group companies and associates with a carrying amount of EUR 5,325 thousand at 31 December 2022.

Each year the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence of impairment of those ownership interests in Group companies and associates. For the investments for which there are indications of impairment, the Company estimates their recoverable amount on the basis of impairment tests prepared using discounted cash flow-based valuation techniques, in which it employs projections aligned with projected earnings, investments in non-assets current and investments in working capital, as well as other assumptions obtained from each investee's business plan. Also, a discount rate is determined on the basis of the general economic situation and of that of each investee in particular.

Procedures applied in the audit

Our audit procedures to address this matter included, among others, the evaluation of the criteria used by the Company in the process to assess the existence of objective evidence of impairment of the ownership interests in Group companies and associates.

In addition, for the investments for which there were indications of impairment, we obtained and analysed tghe impairment tests carried out by the Company and verified their clerical accuracy, analysing, also, the consistency of the future cash flow projections considered in those tests with the most recent business plans prepared by each investee.

In addition, we evaluated the reasonableness of the key assumptions considered in the aforementioned tests (such as revenue growth, cost inflation and the discount rate), and performed a sensitivity analysis of those key assumptions and a review of their consistency with the actual data relating to the performance of the investments held on which the corresponding impairment tests was conducted.

Assessment of the recoverable amount of ownership interests in Group companies and associates

Description

The preparation of the aforementioned impairment tests requires the Company's directors to make significant judgements and estimates.

As a result of the foregoing, and of the significance of the carrying amount of the aforementioned ownership interests in Group companies and associates, this matter was determined to be a key matter in our audit.

Procedures applied in the audit

We also involved our internal valuation experts in order to evaluate, mainly, the methodology employed by the Company in the impairment tests conducted, the discount and growth rates considered and the terminal value, expressed in perpetuity growth terms, of the projected future cash flows.

Lastly, we evaluated whether the disclosures included in Notes 4-h-vi, 4-h-ix and 12 to the accompanying financial statements in connection with this matter were in conformity with those required by the applicable regulatory reporting framework.

Other Information: Directors' Report

The other information comprises only the directors' report for 2022, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Company's directors and which does not form part of the financial statements.

Our audit opinion on the financial statements does not cover the directors' report. Our responsibility relating to the directors' report, in accordance with the audit regulations in force, consists of:

a) Solely checking that the non-financial information statement, certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Director's Remuneration Report, to which the Spanish Audit Law refers, have been furnished as provided for in the applicable legislation and, if this is not the case, reporting this fact.

b) Evaluating and reporting on whether the other information included in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements, based on the knowledge of the entity obtained in the audit of those financial statements, as well as evaluating and reporting on whether the content and presentation of this section of the directors' report are in conformity with the applicable regulations. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report that fact.

Based on the work performed, as described above, we observed that the information described in section a) above was furnished as provided for in the applicable legislation and that the other information in the directors' report was consistent with that contained in the financial statements for 2022 and its content and presentation were in conformity with the applicable regulations.

Responsibilities of the Directors and of the Audit Committee for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the accompanying financial statements so that they present fairly the Company's equity, financial position and results in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Company in Spain, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the process involved in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the Appendix to this auditor's report. This description, which is on pages 7 and 8 of this document, forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

European Single Electronic Format

We have examined the digital file in European Single Electronic Format (ESEF) of Grifols, S.A. for 2022, which comprises an XHTML file including the financial statements, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The directors of Grifols, S.A. are responsible for presenting the annual financial report for 2022 in accordance with the format requirements established in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 ("ESEF Regulation"). For these purposes, the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Directors' Remuneration Report were included for reference purposes in the directors' report.

Our responsibility is to examine the digital file prepared by the Company's directors, in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain. Those regulations require that we plan and perform our audit procedures in order to ascertain whether the content of the financial statements included in the aforementioned file corresponds in full to that of the financial statements that we have audited, and whether those financial statements were formatted, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, the digital file examined corresponds in full to the audited financial statements, and these are presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements established in the ESEF Regulation.

Additional Report to the Audit Committee

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with the content of our additional report to the Company's Audit Committee dated 20 February 2023.

Engagement Period

The Annual General Meeting held on 21 May 2021 appointed us as auditors for a period of three years from the year ended 31 December 2021.

DELOITTE, S.L.

Registered in ROAC under no. S0692

Javier Pont Rey

Registered in ROAC under no. 20163

27 February 2023

Appendix to our auditor's report

Further to the information contained in our auditor's report, in this Appendix we include our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with the audit regulations in force in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use by the directors of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the entity's Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the entity's Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and we have communicated with it to report on all matters that may reasonably be thought to jeopardise our independence, and where applicable, on the related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the entity's Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Balance Sheet 31 December 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

Assets	Note	2022	2021
Intangible assets	Note 5	23,213	22,129
Computer software		23,213	21,629
Advances		-	500
Property, plant and equipment	Note 6	35,545	38,443
Land and buildings		11,239	11,327
Technical installations, machinery, equipment, furniture and other items		18,207	20,666
Under construction and advances		6,099	6,450
Investment property	Note 7	80,458	72,474
Land		28,191	19,460
Buildings		45,519	41,092
Investments in adaptation and advances		6,748	11,922
Non-current investments in Group companies and associates		12,469,437	10,960,716
Equity instruments	Note 12	5,324,682	3,983,162
Loans to companies	Note 14	7,144,755	6,977,554
Non-current investments	Note 14	29,199	3,620
Derivatives	Note 15	26,977	2,068
Other financial assets		2,222	1,552
Deferred tax assets	Note 22	9,150	10,477
Total non-current assets		12,647,002	11,107,859
Inventories		11,439	10,012
Raw materials and other supplies		11,439	10,012
Trade and other receivables	Note 14	72,869	91,817
Trade receivables – current		833	2,931
Trade receivables from Group companies and associates - current	Note 24	50,198	71,645
Other receivables		1,068	227
Personnel		171	280
Current tax assets	Note 22	2,486	358
Public entities, other	Note 22	18,113	16,376
Current investments in Group companies and associates	Note 14	123,033	261,483
Loans to group companies and associates		123,033	261,483
Current investments	Note 14	11,569	3,244
Derivatives	Note 15	11,536	3,238
Other financial assets		33	6
Prepayments for current assets	Note 16	13,511	15,688
Cash and cash equivalents		13,678	7,802
Cash		13,678	7,802
Total current assets		246,099	390,046
Total assets		12,893,101	11,497,905

Balance Sheet 31 December 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

Equity and Liabilities	Note	2022	2021
Capital and reserves	Note 17	2,285,248	2,549,924
Capital			
Registered capital		119,604	119,604
Share premium		910,728	910,728
Reserves			
Legal and statutory reserves		23,921	23,921
Other reserves		1,652,208	1,790,749
(Treasury stock and equity holdings)		(162,220)	(164,188)
Profit for the year		(266,296)	(140,728)
Other equity instruments		7,303	9,838
Valuation adjustments		57,798	53,018
Valuation adjustments available for sale		53,018	53,018
Cash flow hedges	Note 15	4,780	-
Grants, donations and bequests received	- 10.12	79	82
oranis, asimusis and sequests received		.,	
Total equity		2,343,125	2,603,024
Tomi equity		2,0 10,120	2,000,021
Non-current payables	Note 20	3,901,732	3,918,331
Promissory notes	11012 20	2,556,641	2,553,548
Loans and borrowings		1,340,473	1,363,205
Finance lease payables	Note 8	52	430
Derivatives	Note 15	3,990	-130
Other financial liabilities	140te 13	576	1,148
	Note 20	6,419,171	4,605,868
Group companies and associates, non-current Deferred tax liabilities	Note 20	2,580	1,031
Deterred tax maturities	Note 22	2,300	1,031
Total non-current liabilities		10,323,483	8,525,230
Current provisions		7,000	-
Other provisions		7,000	-
Current payables	Note 20	74,786	154,841
Promissory notes		12,554	110,638
Loans and borrowings		60,899	42,080
Finance lease payables	Note 8	391	710
Other financial liabilities		942	1,413
Group companies and associates, current	Note 20	61,720	42,584
Trade and other payables	Note 20	82,987	172,226
Current payables to suppliers		58,812	71,538
Suppliers, Group companies and associates, current	Note 24	9,235	15,624
Personnel (salaries payable)		11,541	12,547
Current tax liabilities	Note 22	_	68,986
Public entities, other	Note 22	3,399	3,531
,			
Total current liabilities		226,493	369,651
Total equity and liabilities		12,893,101	11,497,905

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

	Note	2022	2021
Revenues	Note 25	488,639	424,736
Services rendered	11010 20	199,311	178,631
Finance income	Note 13 and 24	282,305	240,347
Dividends	Note 24 and 25	7,023	5,758
Self-constructed assets		5,478	3,354
Supplies		(7,376)	(10,054)
Raw materials and consumables used	Note 25	(7,074)	(9,753)
Impairment of merchandise, raw materials and other supplies		(302)	(301)
Other operating income		1,956	7,149
Non-trading and other operating income		1,881	7,126
Operating grants taken to income		75	23
Personnel expenses		(81,088)	(76,265)
Salaries and wages		(65,742)	(62,846)
Employee benefits expense	Note 25	(15,194)	(13,387)
Provisions	Note 25	(152)	(32)
Other operating expenses		(214,386)	(181,853)
External services		(211,831)	(179,490)
Taxes		(381)	(283)
Other operating expenses		(2,174)	(2,080)
Amortisation and depreciation	Notes 5, 6 and 7	(14,341)	(15,028)
Non-financial and other capital grants		4	12
Impairment and losses on disposal of fixed assets		(119,948)	(40,188)
Impairment and losses	Note 12	(119,946)	(40,187)
Losses on disposals		(2)	(1)
Results from operating activities		58,938	111,863
Finance income		9,273	371
From marketable securities and other financial instruments		7,213	371
Other third parties	Note 13	8,905	15
Capitalised borrowing costs	Note 6	368	356
Finance costs	Note 19	(401,985)	(291,437)
Group companies and associates	Note 24	(293,853)	(182,964)
Other third parties	11010 2 1	(108,132)	(108,473)
Fair value adjustments in financial instruments		16,689	4,483
Fair value adjustments recognized in profit and loss	Note 15	16,689	5,306
Transfers of fair value adjustments recognized in equity	11010 10	-	(823)
Exchange differences	Notes 14 and 20	9,219	(1,051)
Impairment and losses on disposal of financial instruments		_	555
Impairment and losses		_	555
•			
Net finance cost		(366,804)	(287,079)
Profit before income tax		(307,866)	(175,216)
Income tax	Note 22	41,570	34,488
Profit for the year		(266,296)	(140,728)

Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

A) Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

	Note	2022	2021
Profit for the year		(266,296)	(140,728)
Income and expense recognised directly in equity			
Cash flow hedges	Note 15	22,176	-
Tax effect		(5,544)	-
From valuation of financial instruments			
Financial assets at fair value through equity		-	823
Total income and expense recognised directly in equity		16,632	823
Amounts transferred to the income statement			
Cash flow hedges	Note 15	(15,802)	-
Tax effect		3,950	-
Grants, donations and bequests		(4)	(12)
Taxeffect		1	3
Total amounts transferred to the income statement		(11,855)	(9)
Total recognised income and expense		(261,519)	(139,914)

Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

B) Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Registered					Other equity	Valuation adjustments	Grants, donations and bequests	
	capital	Share premium	Reserves	Treasury stock	Profit for the year	instruments	available for sale	-	Total
									_
Balance at 31 December 2021	119,604	910,728	1,814,670	(164,188)	(140,728)	9,838	53,018	82	2,603,024
Recognised income and expense	-	.	-	-	(266,296)	-	4,780	(3)	(261,519)
Transactions with shareholders or owners									
Net movement in treasury stock	-	-	-	1,968	-	-	-	-	1,968
Restricted share plan (note 17)	-	-	2,187	-	-	(2,535)	-	-	(348)
Profit (losses) distribution									
Reserves	-	-	(140,728)	-	140,728	-	-	-	-
					_				
Balance at 31 December 2022	119,604	910,728	1,676,129	(162,220)	(266,296)	7,303	57,798	79	2,343,125

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

B) Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Registered capital	Share premium	Reserves	Treas ury s tock	Profit for the year	Other equity	Valuation adjustments available for sale	Grants, donations and bequests received	Total
	Сариа	Share premium	Reserves	11 easury stock	1 Tont for the year	mstruments	available for safe	receiveu	Totai
Balance at 31 December 2020	119,604	910,728	1,998,788	(43,734)	64,748	13,880	52,195	91	3,116,300
Recognised income and expense	-	-	-	-	(140,728)	-	823	(9)	(139,914)
Transactions with shareholders or owners									
Net movement in treasury stock	-	-	-	(120,454)	-	-	-	-	(120,454)
Dividends (note 3)	-	-	(247,520)	-	-	-	-	-	(247,520)
Restricted share plan (note 17)	-	-	1,268	-	-	(4,042)) -	-	(2,774)
Profit (losses) distribution									
Reserves	-	-	62,134	-	(62,134)	-	-	-	-
Dividends		-	-	-	(2,614)	-	-	-	(2,614)
Balance at 31 December 2021	119,604	910,728	1,814,670	(164,188)	(140,728)	9,838	53,018	82	2,603,024

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended 31 December 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of Euros)

Cash flows from operating activities	Note	2022	2021
Profit for the year before tax	rote	(307,866)	(175,216)
Adjustments for			
Dividend income	Note 25	(7,023)	(5,758)
Impairment	Note 12	120,248	40,187
Amortisation and depreciation	Notes 5,6 and 7	14,341	15,028
Finance income	Note 13 and 6		
Finance meonie Finance costs	Note 19	(291,578)	(240,718)
	Note 19	401,985	291,437
Exchange differences		(9,219)	- (4.400)
Change in fair value of financial instruments		(16,689)	(4,483)
Other income and expenses		(4,875)	717
Changes in operating assets and liabilities Inventories		(1,729)	(1,879)
Trade and other receivables		17,392	(28,505)
Other current assets		(1,626)	
			(5,412)
Trade and other payables		(13,400)	23,065
Other cash flows from operating activities		(2.50.00=	/
Interest paid		(360,087)	(277,757)
Dividends received	Note 25	7,023	5,758
Interest received		280,080	264,045
Income tax paid received		67,289	37,958
Cash flows from operating activities		(105,734)	(61,533)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for investments			
Group companies and associates	Note 12	(1,676,469)	(48,748)
Intangible assets	Note 5	(3,799)	(7,854)
Property, plant and equipment	Note 6 and 7	(11,367)	(10,622)
	Note 6 and 7		(10,022)
Other financial assets		(197)	-
Proceeds from sale of investments		07.525	272 000
Group companies and associates		97,535	372,989
Property, plant and equipment		-	1
Other financial assets		8,686	1,676
Cash flows from investing activities		(1,585,611)	307,442
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from and payments for equity instruments			
Acquisition of own equity instruments	Note 17	(3,459)	(125,703)
Proceeds from and payments for financial liability instruments Proceeds			
		12.966	
Loans and borrowings		13,866	241 445
Group companies and associates		2,004,676	241,445
Disposal		(07.525)	
Promissory notes		(97,535)	-
Loans and borrowings		(30,081)	(105,233)
Group companies and associates		(197,320)	-
Other payables		(1,794)	(1,004)
Dividends and interest on other equity instruments paid			
Dividends	Note 3	-	(250,134)
Cash flows used in financing activities		1,688,353	(240,629)
Exchange rate deviation		8,868	<u>-</u>
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		5,876	5,280
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		7,802	2,522
Cash and cash equivalents at year end		13,678	7,802

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(1) Nature and Activities of the Company and Composition of the Group

Grifols, S.A. (hereinafter the "Company") was incorporated with limited liability under Spanish law on 22 June 1987. Its registered office is in Barcelona. The Company's statutory activity consists of providing corporate and business administrative, management and control services, as well as investing in assets and property. Its principal activity involves rendering administrative, management and control services to its subsidiaries.

Its main facilities are located in Sant Cugat del Vallès (Barcelona) and Parets del Vallès (Barcelona).

Grifols, S.A.'s shares are listed on the Barcelona, Madrid, Valencia and Bilbao stock exchanges and on the electronic stock market. As of 2 June 2011, the class B non-voting shares were listed on the NASDAQ (USA) and the Automated Quotation System (SIBE/Continuous Market).

In accordance with prevailing legislation, the Company is the Parent of a Group comprising the Company and the subsidiaries, associated and multi-group companies listed in Note 12 and the Appendix II. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Spain, consolidated annual accounts must be prepared to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group, the results of operations and changes in its equity and cash flows.

On 23 February 2023 the Company's board of directors authorised for issue the consolidated annual accounts of Grifols, S.A. and subsidiaries for 2022 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU), which show consolidated profit attributable to the Parent of Euros 208,279 thousand, total assets Euros 21,533,977 thousand and consolidated equity of Euros 8,457,544 thousand (Euros 188,726 thousand, Euros 19,233,835 thousand and Euros 7,317,098 thousand, respectively, in 2021).

(2) Basis of Presentation

(a) True and fair view

The accompanying annual accounts have been prepared on the basis of the accounting records of Grifols, S.A. The annual accounts for 2022 have been prepared in accordance with prevailing legislation and the Spanish General Chart of Accounts to give a true and fair view of the equity and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and results of operations, changes in equity, and cash flows for the year then ended.

The directors consider that the annual accounts for 2022, authorised for issue on 23 February 2023, will be approved with no changes by the shareholders at their annual general meeting.

(b) Comparative information

The balance sheet, income statement, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and the notes thereto for 2022 include comparative figures for 2021, which formed part of the annual accounts approved by the shareholders at the annual general meeting held on 10 June 2022.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The figures disclosed in the annual accounts are presented in Euros thousand, the Company's functional and presentation currency, rounded off to the nearest Euro thousand.

(d) Critical issues regarding the valuation and estimation of relevant uncertainties and judgements used when applying accounting principles.

Relevant accounting estimates and judgements and other estimates and assumptions have to be made when applying the Company's accounting principles to prepare the annual accounts. A summary of the items requiring a greater degree of judgement, or which are more complex, or where the assumptions and estimates made are significant to the preparation of the annual accounts, is as follows:

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(i) Relevant accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company tests investments in Group companies for impairment when there are signs that the book value is lower than the recoverable value, understood as the higher amount between the fair value less costs of sales and usage value. The determination of the recoverable value implies the use of estimates made by management. The Company generally uses cash flow discounting methods to calculate this value. Cash flow discounting calculations are based on the 5-year projections of the budgets approved by management. The cash flows take into consideration past experience and represent management's best estimate of future market performance. The fifth-year cash flows are extrapolated using individual growth rates. The key assumptions employed include growth rates and the discount rate. The estimates, including the methodology used, could have a significant impact on values and impairment.

(ii) Changes in accounting estimates

Although estimates are calculated by the Company's directors based on the best information available at 31 December 2022, future events may require changes to these estimates in subsequent years. Any effect on the annual accounts of adjustments to be made in subsequent years would be recognised prospectively. Grifols, S.A. management does not consider that there are any assumptions or sources of uncertainty that would have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year.

(3) Distribution of Profit

The distribution of profit and reserves of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021, approved by the shareholders at their annual general meeting held on 10 June 2022, is as follows:

	Thous and Euros
Basis of allocation	
Losses for the year	(140,728)
Allocation	
Voluntary reserve	(140,728)

At the general meeting held on 21 May 2021, the shareholders of Grifols, S.A. approved the distribution of a mandatory preferred dividend of Euros 0.01 for every Class B share, for a total amount of Euros 2,614 thousand. Additionally, it was approved a dividend of Euros 0.36 for every Class A and Class B shares from voluntary retained earnings for a total amount of Euros 247,520 thousand.

The proposed distribution of losses for the year ended 31 December 2022 to be submitted to the shareholders for approval at their annual general meeting is as follows:

	Thous and Euros
Bas is of allocation	
Losses for the year	(266,296)
Allocation	
Voluntary reserve	(266,296)

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

At 31 December 2022 and 2021 non-distributable reserves are as follows:

Non-distributable reserves

Legal reserve

Other

Thous and Euros					
2022	2021				
23,921	23,921				
3	3				
23,924	23,924				

Profit recognised directly in equity cannot be distributed, either directly or indirectly.

(4) Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Foreign currency transactions, balances and cash flows

Foreign currency transactions have been translated into Euros using average exchange rates for the prior month for all foreign currency transactions during the current month. This method does not differ significantly from applying the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into Euros at the closing rate, while non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at historical cost have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. In the statement of cash flows, cash flows from foreign currency transactions have been translated into Euros using the average exchange rates for the prior month for all flows that occur during the following month. This method does not differ significantly from applying the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses arising on the settlement of foreign currency transactions and the translation into Euros of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit and loss.

(b) Capitalised borrowing costs

In accordance with the second transitional provision of Royal Decree 1514/2007 enacting the Spanish General Chart of Accounts, the Company has opted to apply this accounting policy to work in progress at 1 January 2008 which will not be available for use, capable of operating or available for sale for more than one year. Until that date, the Company opted to recognise borrowing costs as an expense as they were incurred.

Borrowing costs related to specific and general financing that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investment property that will not be available for use, capable of operating or available for sale for more than one year are included in the cost of the asset.

To the extent that funds are borrowed specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred. Non-commercial general borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation are calculated as the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the Company's outstanding borrowings during the period, other than those specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset and the portion financed using equity. The borrowing costs capitalised cannot exceed the borrowing costs incurred during that period.

The Company begins capitalising borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset when it incurs expenditures for the asset, interest is accrued, and it undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use, operation or sale, and ceases capitalising borrowing costs when all or substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use, operation or sale are complete, even though the necessary administrative permits may not have been obtained. Interruptions in the active development of a qualifying asset are not considered. Nonetheless, restated advances on account are not qualifying assets for the purpose of capitalising borrowing costs.

Capitalised borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement under capitalised borrowing costs.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost or cost of production. Capitalised production costs are recognised under "self-constructed assets" in the income statement. Intangible assets are carried at cost, less any accumulated amortisation and impairment.

Advances on account of fixed assets are initially measured at cost. In subsequent years, advances accrue interest at the supplier's incremental borrowing rate when the period between payment and the receipt of the asset exceeds one year.

Cost of production of intangible assets comprises the purchase price and any costs directly related to production.

Expenditure on activities that contribute to increasing the value of the Company's business as a whole, such as goodwill, trademarks and other similar items generated internally, as well as establishment costs, are recognised as expenses on the income statement when incurred.

(i) Computer software

Computer software acquired and developed by the Company is recognised to the extent that costs can be clearly allocated, expensed and distributed over time to each project, and when there is evidence of technical success and economic viability. Computer software maintenance costs are charged as expenses when incurred.

(ii) Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs incurred on intangible assets are recognised in profit and loss, unless they increase the expected future economic benefits attributable to the intangible asset.

(iii) Useful life and amortisation rates

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised by allocating the depreciable amount of an asset on a systematic basis over its useful life, by applying the following criteria:

	Depreciation method	Rates %	
Computer software	Straight-line	16-33	
Computer software	Straight-line	10-33	

The depreciable amount is the acquisition or production cost of an asset.

The Company considers that the residual value of the assets is zero unless:

- There is a commitment by a third party to purchase the asset at the end of its useful life.
- There is an active market for the intangible asset and:
 - Residual value can be determined by reference to that market; and
 - It is probable that such market will exist at the end of the asset's useful life.

The Company reviews the useful life and amortisation method for intangible assets at each financial year end. Changes to initially established criteria are accounted for as a change in accounting estimates.

(iv) Impairment losses

The Company measures and determines impairment to be recognised or reversed based on the criteria in section (f) Impairment of non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Initial recognition

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost of acquisition or production, using the same criteria as for determining the cost of production of intangible assets. Capitalised production costs are recognised under "Self-constructed assets" in the income statement. Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes the estimated costs of its dismantling or removal and restoration of the site on which it is located, provided that the obligation is incurred as a consequence of having used the item.

(ii) Property, plant and equipment swap

Property, plant and equipment acquired in exchange for one or more non-monetary assets or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, is recognized for the monetary amount delivered plus the fair value of the non-monetary assets delivered in the transaction, except in those cases in which those that do not have a commercial substance or for which the fair value of the property, plant and equipment received or the asset delivered cannot be reliably measured.

The fair value of the asset received should be recognized by reference to the fair value of the asset delivered except in those transactions in which the fair value of the asset received can be determined with greater reliability.

In those cases in which the fair value of the asset received or delivered cannot be determined reliably or in which the transaction lacks commercial substance, the acquisition cost is determined by reference to the net book value of the asset delivered, plus, where appropriate, the monetary counterparts paid or pending payment, with the limit of the fair value of the asset received if it were less.

(iii) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated by allocating the depreciable amount of the asset on a systematic basis over its useful life. The depreciable amount is the cost of an asset. The Company determines the depreciation charge separately for each component of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset and with a useful life that differs from the remainder of the asset.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the following criteria:

	Depreciation method	Rates %	
Buildings	Straight-line	2	
Technical installations and machinery	Straight-line	10	
Other installations, equipment and furniture	Straight-line	4-10	
Other property, plant and equipment	Straight-line	7-33	

The Company reviews useful lives and depreciation methods at each financial year end. Changes to initially established criteria are accounted for as a change in accounting estimates.

(iv) Subsequent costs

Subsequent to initial recognition of the asset, only the costs incurred which increase capacity or productivity or which lengthen the useful life of the asset are capitalised. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. Costs of day-to-day servicing are recognised in profit and loss as incurred.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

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Replacements of property, plant and equipment that qualify for capitalisation are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the items replaced. Where the cost of the replaced items has not been depreciated independently and it is not possible to determine the respective carrying amount, the replacement cost is used as indicative of the cost of items at the time of acquisition or construction.

(v) Impairment

The Company measures and determines impairment to be recognised or reversed based on the criteria in section (f) Impairment of non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation.

(e) Investment property

The Company classifies property leased to its subsidiaries under this caption.

Property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property is classified as property, plant and equipment under development until construction or development is complete. Nevertheless, redevelopment work to extend or improve property is classified as investment property.

The Company measures and recognises investment property following the policy for property, plant and equipment. The Company reclassifies property, plant and equipment to investment property when it ceases to use the building in the production or supply of goods or services, for administrative purposes or when it is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Investment property is depreciated applying the following policies:

	Depreciation method	Rates %
		_
Buildings and other installations	Straight-line	1-10

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation

The Company evaluates whether there are indications of possible impairment losses on non-financial assets subject to amortisation or depreciation to verify whether the carrying amount of these assets exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and the value in use.

Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

At the end of each reporting period the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversible. Impairment losses on other assets are only reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to calculate the recoverable amount of the asset.

A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss may not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, had no impairment loss been recognised.

After an impairment loss or reversal of an impairment loss is recognised, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods based on its new carrying amount.

However, if the specific circumstances of the assets indicate an irreversible loss, this is recognised directly in losses on the disposal of fixed assets in the income statement.

(g) Leases

(i) Lessor accounting

Leases which, on inception, transfer to third parties substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are classified as finance leases, otherwise they are classified as operating leases.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(ii) Lessee accounting

Leases in which, upon inception, the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as finance leases, otherwise they are classified as operating leases.

Finance leases

At the commencement of the lease term, the Company recognises finance leases as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Initial direct costs are added to the asset's carrying amount. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. Interest is expensed using the effective interest method.

Contingent rents are recognised as an expense when it is probable that they will be incurred.

The accounting policies applied to the assets used by the Company by virtue of finance lease contracts are the same as those set out in sections (d) and (e) (Property, plant and equipment or Investment Property).

- Operating leases

Lease payments under an operating lease, net of incentives received, are recognised as an expense on a straightline basis over the lease term.

Contingent rents are recognised as an expense when it is probable that they will be incurred.

(h) Financial instruments

(i) Classification of financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified at the time of their initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument, in accordance with the economic substance of the contractual agreement and with the definitions of financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments.

For valuation purposes, the Company classifies financial instruments in the following categories: financial assets and liabilities valued at amortised cost; financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, by considering separately those initially designated from those held for trading and those compulsorily valued at fair value through profit or loss; financial assets measured at fair value through equity, by considering separately the equity instruments designated as such from the rest of the financial assets; and financial assets valued at cost.

The Company classifies a financial asset at amortised cost if it is held in the framework of a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to obtain contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows which are only principal and interest payments on the outstanding principal amount (OPIP).

The Company classifies as a financial asset at fair value through equity those financial assets whose contractual conditions, on specified dates, result in cash flows that are solely receipts of principal and interests on the outstanding principal amount, and they are not held for trading nor classified in the previous category. In this category are also included the investments in equity instruments designated irrevocably by the Company at the time of its initial recognition, as far as they are not held for trading and should not be valued at cost.

The Company classifies as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss those financial assets held for trading and those financial assets that have not been classified in any of the previous categories. In this category are also included the financial assets that the Company optionally designates at the time of the initial recognition, which otherwise would have been included in another category, as such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a valuation inconsistency or accounting asymmetry.

The Company classifies a financial asset at cost when it is an (i) investment in the equity of group, multigroup and associates (ii) participating loans with contingent interests, either because a fixed or conditional variable interest rate is conditioned to the fulfilment of a milestone in the borrowing company, or because they are calculated exclusively with respect to the evolution of the activity of the aforementioned company.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

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The Company classifies its financial liabilities at amortised cost.

(ii) Valuation

At the time of initial recognition, the Company values a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset that is not at fair value through profit or loss, the costs of the transaction that are directly attributable to the acquisition. The transaction costs of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are taken to results. In order to determine the fair value of financial assets or liabilities, the Company uses market data as much as possible. Based on the factors used for the measurement, the fair values are hierarchized based on the following factors:

Level 1: estimates based on quoted prices (unadjusted) within current markets for assets or liabilities identical to those that the company may have access at the valuation date;

Level 2: estimates based on quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments or other valuation methodologies in which all significant variables are based on directly or indirectly observable market data; or

Level 3: estimates based on any significant variable that is not based on observable market data.

In the event that the factors used to determine the fair value of an asset or liability are included in different levels of hierarchy, the fair value will be determined in its entirety based on the significant component located at the lowest level of hierarchy.

(iii) Offsetting principles

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset only when the Company currently has the legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(iv) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue are recognised as an expense when incurred.

After initial recognition, they are recognized at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in the fair value include the component of interest and dividends. The fair value is not reduced by the transaction costs that may be incurred by their eventual sale or disposal by other means.

(v) Financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are initially recognized at their fair value, including the transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

(vi) Investments in Group companies and associates

Group companies are those over which the Company, either directly, or indirectly through subsidiaries, exercises control as defined in article 42 of the Spanish Code of Commerce, or when the companies are controlled by one or more individuals or entities acting jointly or under the same management through agreements or statutory clauses.

Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity or business so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights held by the Company or other entities that are exercisable or convertible at the end of each reporting period are considered.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Associates are entities over which the Company, either directly, or indirectly through subsidiaries, exercises significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence of potential voting rights that are exercisable or convertible at the end of each reporting period, including potential voting rights held by the Company or other entities, are considered when assessing whether an entity has significant influence.

Investments in Group companies and associates are initially recognised at cost, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration given, including transaction costs in the case of investments in associates, and are subsequently measured at cost net of any accumulated impairment. The cost of investments in Group companies acquired before 1 January 2010 includes any transaction costs incurred.

If an investment no longer qualifies for classification under this category, it is reclassified at fair value through profit or loss, unless it is designated at fair value through equity and it is valued as such from the date of reclassification, recognizing any difference in the profit or loss or in equity, respectively.

In non-monetary business contributions to other group companies, including investments in group companies, the equity investments received are valued at the date the operation is carried out, for the amount representing the percentage of participation equivalent to the book value of the net assets of the investment contributed in the consolidated financial statements of the largest group whose parent company is Spanish according to the Standards for the Formulation of Consolidated Annual Accounts, plus transaction costs. Any difference between the book value of the investments received and the book value of the equity elements delivered (or the investment contributed), is recognized in reserves.

The Company recognizes the amount contributed in a capital increase, including the preferential subscription rights acquired, as a higher value of the equity instruments.

However, when the Company does not contribute proportionally to its stake in the issuer, it recognizes the difference as a donation expense.

If the Company receives an asset or group of assets other than cash, the swap criteria previously indicated for non-monetary contributions are applied.

(vii) Reclassifications of financial instruments

The Company reclassifies a financial asset when the business model for its management is modified or when it meets or no longer meets the aforementioned classification criteria. The Company does not reclassify financial liabilities.

(viii) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company applies the criteria for the derecognition of financial assets to a part of a financial asset or to a part of a group of similar financial assets or to a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows related to them have expired or have been transferred and the Company has substantially transferred the risks and rewards derived from their ownership.

(ix) Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and the event or events have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Impairment of financial assets valued at amortised cost

The loss due to an impairment of financial assets valued at amortised cost is the difference between the book value of the financial asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. However, the Company uses the financial assets market value, as long as it is reliable enough to be considered representative of the value to be recovered.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

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The impairment loss is recognized with charge to profit or loss and it is reversible in subsequent years, if the decrease can be objectively related to an event subsequent to its recognition. However, the reversal of the loss is limited to the amortised cost that the assets had if the loss due to the impairment in value had not been recorded.

The Company directly reduces the carrying amount of a financial asset when it does not have reasonable expectations of full or partial recovery.

Investments in Group companies

Impairment is calculated by comparing the carrying amount of the net investment in the associate with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell.

Value in use is calculated based on the Company's share of the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from ordinary activities and from the disposal of the asset. Unless better evidence is available, the investee's equity is taken into consideration, corrected for any unrealised gains existing at the measurement date.

In subsequent years, reversals of impairment losses in the form of increases in the recoverable amount are recognised, up to the limit of the carrying amount that would have been determined for the investment if no impairment loss had been recognised.

The recognition or reversal of an impairment loss is disclosed in the income statement unless it should be recognised in equity.

Impairment of an investment is limited to the amount of the investment, except when contractual, legal or constructive obligations have been assumed by the Company or payments have been made on behalf of the companies. In the latter case, provision is made.

(x) Derecognition and modifications of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises all or part of a financial liability when it either discharges the liability by paying the creditor or is legally released from primary responsibility for the liability either by process of law or by the creditor. The exchange of debt instruments between the Company and the counterparty or substantial modifications of initially recognised liabilities are accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability, provided that the instruments have substantially different terms.

The Company considers the terms to be substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability.

If the exchange is accounted for as an extinguishment of the financial liability, any costs or fees incurred are recognised as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. If the exchange is not accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability, or part of a financial liability, extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

However, the Company may designate the financial guarantee to be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(xi) Reverse factoring

The Company has contracted reverse factoring facilities with various financial institutions to manage payments to suppliers. Trade payables settled under the management of financial institutions are recognised under "trade and other payables" in the balance sheet until they are settled, repaid or have expired.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(i) Hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized following the criteria set forth above for financial assets and liabilities. Derivative financial instruments that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria are classified and valued as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(j) Own equity instruments held by the Company

Equity instruments acquired by the Company are shown separately at cost of acquisition as a reduction in capital and reserves in the balance sheet. Any gains or losses on transactions with own equity instruments are not recognised in profit or loss.

Transaction costs related to own equity instruments, including issue costs related to a business combination, are accounted for as a deduction from reserves, net of any tax effect.

(k) Inventories

(i) General

Inventories are measured using the FIFO (first in, first out) method. When the cost of inventories exceeds replacement value, materials are written down to net realisable value.

Inventories are mainly spare parts used to maintain the Company's buildings and facilities.

(ii) Emission allowances

Emission allowances acquired are classified and measured by applying accounting policies.

(l) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits in financial institutions. They also include other short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. An investment normally qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

(m) Grants

Grants are recorded in recognised income and expense when, where applicable, they have been officially awarded and the conditions attached to them have been met or there is reasonable assurance that they will be received.

Grants that are given to finance specific expenses are recognised as income in the same year as the finance cost is accrued.

(n) Defined contribution plans

The Company recognises the contributions payable to a defined contribution plan in exchange for a service when an employee has rendered service to the Company. The contributions payable are recognised as an expense for employee remuneration and as a liability after deducting any contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for service before the end of the period, the Company only recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayments will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(o) Provisions

(i) General criteria

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal, contractual, constructive or tacit) as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account all risks and uncertainties surrounding the amount to be recognised as a provision and, where the time value of money is material, the financial effect of discounting provided that the expenditure to be made each period can be reliably estimated. The discount rate is a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money and the specific risks for which future cash flows associated with the provision have not been adjusted at each reporting date.

If it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle an obligation, the provision is reversed.

(ii) Provisions for taxes

Provisions for taxes are measured at the estimated amount of tax debt calculated in accordance with the aforementioned criteria. Provision is made with a charge to income tax for the tax expense for the year, to finance costs for the late payment interest, and to other income for the penalty. The effects of changes in estimates of prior years' provisions are recognised according to their nature, unless they involve the correction of an error.

(p) Revenue

(i) Revenue from the rendering of services

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Practically all services are rendered to Group companies.

(ii) Interests and dividends

The Company recognizes interests and dividends on financial assets accrued after the acquisition date as income in the profit and loss.

The Company recognizes interests on financial assets valued at amortised cost using the effective interest method and dividends when the Company is entitled to receive them.

In the initial valuation of financial assets, the Company records separately, based on their maturity, the amount of explicit interest accrued and not due at that time, as well as the amount of dividends agreed by the competent authority at the time of the acquisition. As a result, these amounts are not recognized as income in the profit or loss.

If the dividends are clearly derived from profits generated prior to the acquisition date because amounts higher than the profits generated by the investment since the acquisition have been distributed, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced. This criterion is applied regardless of the valuation criterion used for the equity instruments, so for equity instruments valued at fair value, the value of the investment is also reduced and an increase in subsequent value in the profit or loss account or in equity is recognized, based on the instruments classification.

The Company recognizes the dividends received by the delivery of an equity element or group of equity elements other than cash, in accordance with the previously indicated criteria. However, if the dividend is received as a business of a group company, the criteria indicated in BOICAC 85 should be applied.

Interest and dividend income are classified as revenue when they form part of the Company's ordinary activity.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(q) Income tax

The income tax expense or tax income for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax assets or liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the year, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity, or from a business combination.

Government assistance provided in the form of deductions and other tax relief applicable to income tax payable is recognised as a reduction in the income tax expense in the year in which it is accrued.

The Company files consolidated tax returns with its Spanish subsidiaries: Laboratorios Grifols, S.A., Instituto Grifols, S.A., Grifols Movaco, S.A., Biomat, S.A., Grifols International, S.A., Araclon Biotech, S.L., Grifols Engineering, S.A., Grifols Viajes S.A., Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A., Gripdan Invest, S.L. and Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A.

In addition to the factors to be considered for individual taxation, set out previously, the following factors are taken into account when determining the accrued income tax expense for the companies forming the consolidated tax group:

- Temporary and permanent differences arising from the elimination of profits and losses on transactions between Group companies, derived from the process of determining consolidated taxable income.
- Deductions and credits corresponding to each company forming the consolidated tax group. For these purposes, deductions and credits are allocated to the company that carried out the activity or obtained the profit necessary to obtain the right to the deduction or tax credit.

Temporary differences arising from the elimination of profits and losses on transactions between tax group companies are allocated to the company which recognised the profit/loss and are valued using the tax rate of that company.

A reciprocal credit and debit arises between the companies that contribute tax losses to the consolidated Group and the rest of the companies that offset those losses. Where a tax loss cannot be offset by the other consolidated Group companies, these tax credits for loss carryforwards are recognised as deferred tax assets using the applicable recognition criteria, considering the tax group as a taxable entity.

The Parent of the Group records the total consolidated income tax payable under payable to Group companies.

The amount of the debt relating to the subsidiaries is recognised as receivables from Group companies.

(i) Deferred Tax liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities derived from taxable temporary differences are recognised in all cases except where they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income.

(ii) Deferred Tax assets

Deferred tax assets derived from deductible temporary differences are recognised provided that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available against which they can be utilised or when the tax legislation considers the possibility to convert future assets for deferred taxes on receivables in front of the Public Administration.

Nonetheless, assets arising from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income, are not recognised.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(iii) Measurement

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the years when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted. The tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets or liabilities are also reflected in the measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

(iv) Offset and classification

The Company only offsets tax assets and liabilities if it has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet under non-current assets or liabilities, irrespective of the expected date of recovery or settlement.

(r) Share-based payment transactions

The Group headed by the Company extends share-based payments to certain employees currently rendering services. The fair value of the services received is calculated by estimating the fair value of the shares extended at the grant date. As the equity instruments granted do not vest until the employees complete a specified period of service, those services are accounted for in the income statement as an expense for the year during the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in other equity instruments. The amount recognised reflects the amount that will be settled once the agreed conditions are met, and will not be revised or remeasured during the vesting period, as the commitment was settled through shares.

The total amount recognised is calculated based on the incentive payable in shares plus a percentage defined by the Company. If an employee leaves his job before the vesting period is completed, only the agreed share-based incentive is received, and the Company can decide whether to pay the incentive in cash or in shares.

The Company has a share option plan over its own equity instruments for employees of several Group companies, the cost of which is assumed by the Company. The Company recognises the transaction as a contribution to the subsidiary in the form of remuneration for services received settled through equity instruments. In accordance with the aforementioned criteria, the Company therefore recognises the accrued cost of the plan as an increase in the value of the investment in the subsidiary with a credit to other equity instruments.

The Company is paid by the subsidiary for the intrinsic value of the cost assumed. The payment arrangement is recognised separately from the option plan as a return of the investment and with a charge to a loan to Group companies, when the subsidiary's commitment effectively arises.

(s) Classification of assets and liabilities as current and non-current

The Company classifies assets and liabilities in the balance sheet as current and non-current. Current assets and liabilities are determined as follows:

- Assets are classified as current when they are expected to be realised or are intended for sale or consumption in the Company's normal operating cycle, they are held primarily for the purpose of trading, they are expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting date or are cash or a cash equivalent.
- Liabilities are classified as current when they are expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle, they are held primarily for the purpose of trading, or they are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date.

(t) Environmental issues

The Company takes measures to prevent, reduce or repair the damage caused to the environment by its activities.

Expenses derived from environmental activities are recognised as other operating expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the Company to minimise the environmental impact of its activity and protect and improve the environment, including the reduction and elimination of future pollution from the Company's activities, are recognised as assets applying the measurement, presentation and disclosure criteria described in section (d) Property, plant and equipment.

(u) Transactions between Group companies

Transactions between Group companies, except those related to mergers, spin-offs and non-cash business contributions, are recognised at the fair value of the consideration given or received. The difference between this value and the amount agreed is recognised in line with the underlying economic substance of the transaction.

In non-monetary contributions to Group companies, the contributor will value its interests at the carrying amount of the equity investments, in the consolidated financial statements at the date the transaction occurred.

Any difference between the value assigned to the interest received by the contributor and the carrying amount of the investments contributed will be recognised in reserves.

(5) Intangible Assets

Details of intangible assets and movement are as follows:

	Thous and Euros			
2022	Other items	Computer software	Prepayments	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022	2,977	79,015	500	82,492
Additions	-	7,897	-	7,897
Disposals	(2,977)	-	(500)	(3,477)
Transfers		345	-	345
Cost at 31 December 2022		87,257	-	87,257
Accumulated amortisation at 1 January 2022	-	(57,386)	-	(57,386)
Amortisations	-	(6,658)	-	(6,658)
Accumulated amortisation at 31 December 2022		(64,044)	-	(64,044)
Accumulated impairment at 1 January 2022	(2,977)	-	-	(2,977)
Disposals	2,977	-	-	2,977
Accumulated impairment at 31 December 2022		-	-	-
Carrying amount at 31 december 2022		23,213	-	23,213

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

		Thousa	and Euros	
2021	Other items	Computer s oftware	Prepayments	Total
Cost at 1 January 2021	2,977	71,084	500	74,561
Additions	-	7,854	-	7,854
Transfers	-	77	-	77
Cost at 31 December 2021	2,977	79,015	500	82,492
Accumulated amortisation at 1 January 2021	-	(51,353)	-	(51,353)
Amortisations		(6,033)	-	(6,033)
Accumulated amortisation at 31 December 2021		(57,386)	-	(57,386)
Accumulated impairment at 1 January 2021	(2,977)	-	-	(2,977)
Accumulated impairment at 31 December 2021	(2,977)	-	-	(2,977)
Carrying amount at 31 december 2021		21,629	500	22,129

(a) Fully amortised assets

The cost of fully amortised intangible assets in use at 31 December is as follows:

	Thous and Euros		
	2022	2021	
er s oftware	53,756	50,593	

Fully amortised computer software in use at 31 December 2022 and 2021 mainly reflects computer licences.

(6) Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of property, plant and equipment and movement are provided in Appendix I.

(a) Capitalised borrowing costs

During 2022 the Company has capitalised borrowing costs in investments in progress amounting to Euros 368 thousand (Euros 356 thousand in 2021) (see Note 4 (c)).

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(b) Fully depreciated assets

Details of the cost of fully depreciated property, plant and equipment in use at 31 December are as follows:

Technical installations and machinery
Other installations, equipment and furniture
Other property, plant and equipment

Thous and Euros			
2022 2021			
6,139	6,127		
12,556	12,207		
19,602	15,317		
38,297	33,651		

(c) Insurance

The Company has taken out insurance policies to cover the risk of damage to its property, plant and equipment. These policies amply cover the net carrying amount of the Company's assets.

(7) Investment Property

Details of and movements in investment property have been as follows:

<u>-</u>	Thous and Euros				
2022	Land	Buildings and other installations	Investments in adaption and advances	Total	
Cost at 1 January 2022	19,460	89,562	11,922	120,944	
Additions	3,776	370	4,082	8,228	
Transfers	4,955	6,694	(9,256)	2,393	
Cost at 31 December 2022	28,191	96,626	6,748	131,565	
Accumulated amortisation at 1 January 2022	-	(48,470)	-	(48,470)	
Amortisations	-	(2,637)	-	(2,637)	
Accumulated amortisation at 31 December 2022	-	(51,107)	-	(51,107)	
Carrying amount at 31 december 2022	28,191	45,519	6,748	80,458	

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Thousand Euros			
2021	Land	Buildings and other installations	Investments in adaption and advances	Total
Cost at 1 January 2021	19,460	87,699	7,395	114,554
Additions	-	535	6,237	6,772
Disposals	-	(20)	-	(20)
Transfers		1,348	(1,710)	(362)
Cost at 31 December 2021	19,460	89,562	11,922	120,944
Accumulated amortisation at 1 January 2021	-	(45,499)		(45,499)
Amortisations	-	(2,991)	-	(2,991)
Disposals		20	-	20
Accumulated amortisation at 31 December 2021		(48,470)	_	(48,470)
Carrying amount at 31 december 2021	19,460	41,092	11,922	72,474

(a) General

At 31 December 2022 and 2021 additions comprise the investments incurred to expand the Company's facilities and the acquisition of a plot of land in Lliçà de Vall.

(b) Fully depreciated assets

The cost of fully depreciated investment property in use at 31 December is as follows:

Thous and Euros		
2022	2021	
1,032	1,032	
33,023	30,574	
34,055	31,606	

(c) Income and expenses from investment property

The Company assigns the use of the premises and installations that it owns and leases from third parties to its Spanish subsidiaries as indicated in Notes 9, 10 and 24.

(d) Insurance

The Company has taken out insurance policies to cover the risk of damage to its investment property. The coverage of these policies is considered sufficient.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(8) Finance Leases - Lessee

The Company has leased the following types of property, plant and equipment and investment property under finance leases:

	Thousand Euros			
	Land	Other property, plant and equipment	Total	
Initially recognised at:				
Fair value		- 2,660	2,660	
Accumulated depreciation		- (2,572)	(2,572)	
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022		- 88	88	
Initially recognised at:				
Fair value	38	3,212	3,593	
Accumulated depreciation	(2	26) (2,746)	(2,772)	
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	35	55 466	821	

Future minimum lease payments are reconciled with their present value as follows:

	Thous and Euros		
	2022	2021	
Future minimum payments	450	1,160	
Unaccrued finance costs	(7)	(20)	
Present value	443	1,140	

Details of minimum payments and the present value of finance lease liabilities, by maturity date, are as follows:

	Thous and Euros			
	2022		2021	
	Minimum payments	Present value	Minimum payments	Present value
Less than one year	396	391	725	710
One to five years	54	52	435	430
	450	443	1,160	1,140
Less current portion	(396)	(391)	(725)	(710)
Total non-current	54	52	435	430

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Operating Leases - Lessee

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Company has contracted various office premises and a plot of land under operating leases from third parties and one related party.

The most significant lease contracts are as follows:

Contract with a related party for offices located in Sant Cugat del Vallès (Barcelona) (SC1+SC2+SC3+SC4+SC5)

The contracts period is until 1st March 2040 and it is of compulsory compliance (until 9th February 2040, for SC5), with five-year tacit renewals. They may be cancelled by giving notice of 6 months in advance.

Contract with a group company for industrial buildings located in Parets del Vallès (Barcelona) (P4)

This contract is valid until 10th May 2026 and it is of compulsory compliance, with five-year tacit renewals, unless either of the parties cancels the contract giving notice of 6 months in advance after fulfilling the compulsory period.

Contract with a group company for the plot in Parets del Vallès (Barcelona) where the construction of buildings P12 and P13 is located

This contract is valid until 10th May 2026 and it is of compulsory compliance, with five-year tacit renewals, unless either of the parties cancels the contract giving notice of 6 months in advance after fulfilling the compulsory period.

Operating lease payments have been recognised as an expense for the year as follows:

	Thousand Euros			
	2022	2021		
Lease payments (recognised as an expense)	11,164	9,763		

Future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	i nous and Eur os	
	2022	2021
Less than one year	11,548	9,867
One to five years	35,212	32,646
Over five years	76,831	63,951
	123,591	106,464

The Company uses part of these premises for its own use and the rest are assigned for use to its Spanish subsidiaries (see Note 7 (c)).

(10) Assignment for Use of Premises and Installations

As described in Note 7 (c), Note 9 and Note 24, the Company assigns the use of the premises and installations that it owns and leases from third parties to its Spanish subsidiaries.

Services included in the assignment for use agreements are surveillance, cleaning of common areas, greeting and messaging, maintenance and water, energy and gas supplies. In order to take advantage of these services, the Spanish subsidiaries will use the premises in accordance with the statutory activity.

Contracts signed with its subsidiaries are renewed automatically on an annual basis and can be cancelled at any time with three months' prior notice. The minimum non-cancellable amount receivable totals Euros 7,738 thousand at 31 December 2022 (Euros 6,481 thousand in 2021).

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Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(11) Risk Management Policy

(a) Financial risk factors

The Company's activities are exposed to various financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's global risk management programme focuses on uncertainty in the financial markets and aims to minimise potentially adverse effects on the Company's profits.

The Company's risk management policies are established in order to identify and analyse the risks to which the Company is exposed, establish suitable risk limits and controls, and control risks and compliance with limits. Risk management procedures and policies are regularly reviewed to ensure they take into account changes in market conditions and in the Company's activities. The Company's management procedures and rules are designed to create a strict and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their duties and obligations.

The Group's Audit Committee supervises how management controls compliance with the Group's risk management procedures and policies and reviews whether the risk management policy is suitable considering the risks to which the Group is exposed. This committee is assisted by Internal Audit which acts as supervisor. Internal Audit performs regular and ad hoc reviews of the risk management controls and procedures and reports its findings to the Audit Committee.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, for example, exchange rates, interest rates or the prices of equity instruments, affect the Company's subsidiaries revenues or the value of the financial instruments that the Company holds. The objective of managing market risk is to manage and control the Company and its subsidiaries exposure to this risk within reasonable parameters at the same time as optimizing returns.

(i) Market risk

The Company is not exposed to market risks associated with non-financial assets. Even though, the Group is exposed to the price risk affecting raw materials, that is mitigated by the vertical integration of the hemoderivatives business in a highly-concentrated industry.

(ii) Currency risk

The Company operates internationally and is therefore exposed to currency risk when operating with foreign currencies, especially with regard to the US Dollar. Currency risk is associated with recognised assets and liabilities, and net investments in foreign operations.

The Company holds several investments in foreign operations, the net assets of which are exposed to currency risk. Currency risk affecting net assets of the Company's foreign operations in US Dollars is mitigated primarily through borrowings in the corresponding foreign currency.

Details of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, as well as transactions denominated in foreign currency are presented in the Notes 14 and 20.

As mentioned in Note 15, the debt in US dollars is covered by the cross-currency swaps contracted to cover the exposure to the associated exchange rate risk.

At 31 December 2022 had the US Dollar weakened by 10% against the Euro, with the other variables remaining constant, post-tax profit would have been Euros 413 thousand higher, mainly as a result of converting payables to Group companies (Euros 1,406 thousand higher at 31 December 2021).

(iii) Credit risk

The Company's financial assets mainly comprise the trade receivables from and loans to Group companies. The Company considers that its financial assets are not significantly exposed to credit risk.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Regarding the Company's subsidiaries, credit risk is the risk in the event that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to discharge a contractual obligation, and mainly results from trade receivables and investments in financial assets. At 31 December 2022 the impairment of those assets has not been significant.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk to not meet the financial obligations as they fall due. Management approach to managing liquidity is to ensure where possible, that the Company always has sufficient liquidity to settle its obligations at the maturity date, both in normal conditions and in times of tension, to avoid incurring unacceptable losses or tarnishing the Group's reputation.

Management manages liquidity risk on a prudent basis, based on availability of cash and sufficient committed unused long-term credit facilities, enabling the Group to implement its business plans and carry out operations using stable and secure sources of financing.

As explained in Note 12, in 2021 the Group completed the issuance of two bonds for an amount of Euros 1,400 million and US Dollars 705 million.

The main contractual obligations existing at the end of the year mainly comprise financial debt obligations with repayments of principal and interests, in the long term mostly (see Note 20).

Details of financial liabilities by contractual maturity date are provided in Notes 14 and 20 (e).

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risks

Interest rate risk arises on loans extended to Group companies and current and non-current borrowings. Borrowings and loans extended at variable interest rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risks. Fixed-rate borrowings expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.

The objective of interest rate risk management is to achieve a balance in the structure of the debt, keeping part of the external resources issued at a fixed rate and covering part of the variable rate debt extending loans to Group companies.

At 31 December 2022, had interest rates been 100 basis points higher/lower, with the other variables remaining constant, post-tax profit would have been Euros 20,491 thousand lower/higher, mainly because of higher borrowing costs on variable interest debt (Euros 10,119 thousand at 31 December 2021).

(12) Investments in Equity Instruments of Group Companies and Associates

Details of investments in equity instruments of Group companies and Associates are as follows:

Group companies and associates
Equity investments
Impairment

	Thousand Edi os				
	2022	2021			
Non-current		Non-current			
	5,504,016	4,042,550			
	(179,334)	(59,388)			
	5,324,682	3,983,162			

Thous and Furos

During 2022 the following main changes to Company investments in equity instruments took place:

• In 2015, for the annual bonus of certain eligible employees, the Group set up a Restricted Share Unit Retention Plan (hereinafter RSU plan) (see Note 17). In 2022 the bonuses accrued in the RSU plan during the period were recognised as an investment by the Company in those subsidiaries with employees adhering to this plan, as it is considered as a contribution from the shareholder totalling Euros 3,002 thousand.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

- A monetary contribution of Euros 47 million was approved at the sole shareholder meeting of Grifols Escrow Issuer,
 S.A. This contribution was made by Grifols, S.A., the sole shareholder of the company.
- A monetary contribution of Euros 15 million was approved at the general shareholders' meeting of Laboratorios Grifols, S.A. This contribution was made by Grifols, S.A., the shareholder holding 99.99% of the shares in which the Company's share capital was divided at the date of the adoption of the agreement.
- A monetary contribution of Euros 4 million was approved at the general shareholders' meeting of Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A.. This contribution was made by Grifols, S.A., the shareholder holding 99.99% of the shares in which the Company's share capital was divided at the date of the adoption of the agreement.
- A monetary contribution of Euros 1 million was approved at the general shareholders' meeting of Grifols Viajes, S.A.. This contribution was made by Grifols, S.A., the shareholder holding 99.99% of the shares in which the Company's share capital was divided at the date of the adoption of the agreement.
- On 30 March 2022, an additional capital increase of US Dollars 45.000 thousand was made, of which Grifols, S.A. contributed in US Dollars 22,050 thousand (Euros 19,818 thousand). At 31 December 2022 the share capital amounts US Dollars 120,000 thousand.
 - Both shareholders committed to contribute in future capital increases based on their ownership, until the subsidiary has a share capital of US Dollars 300,000 thousand. These increases will be done as far as the subsidiary requires it and with the approval of the shareholders.
- On 7 June 2022 and as part of the Group's reorganization, Grifols S.A. acquires the 100% of the shares of Chiquito Acquisition Corporation to Grifols Worldwide Operations Ltd. for an amount of US Dollars 136,744 thousand (Euros 128,451 thousand). At the same date, Grifols S.A. performed a contribution in kind of these shares to Grifols Shared Services North America Inc for the same amount.
- On 25 April 2022, Grifols, S.A. concluded the acquisition of Biotest AG with the purchase of a direct and indirect participation of 70.18% of its share capital. Biotest AG is the parent company of Biotest Group, which is composed of 17 companies. The operation was structured as follows:
 - On 22 April 2022, Grifols, S.A. completed the voluntary takeover bid to the minority shareholders of Biotest AG, which ended with the acquisition of 24,71% of Biotest AG capital, through the acquisition of 1,435,657 ordinary shares (43 euros per share) and 8,340,577 preferred shares (37 euros per share) for a total amount of Euros 370,335 thousand.
 - On 25 April 2022, Grifols S.A. acquired 100% of the shares of Grifols Biotest Holdings GmbH (formerly Tiancheng (Germany) Pharmaceutical Holdings AG) for Euros 872,514 thousand. Additionally, it acquired a subordinated loan of Euros 218,004 thousand (see Note 14). This company holds a direct participation of 45.47% of the share capital of Biotest AG.
- In 2022, it has been registered an impairment of the investment in Grifols Brasil Ltda amounting Euros 9,229 thousand, Laboratorios Grifols, S.A. amounting Euros 55,325 thousand, Grifols Viajes, S.A. amounting Euros 923 thousand, Grifols Argentina, S.A. amounting Euros 856 thousand, Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A. amounting Euros 1,313 thousand, Grifols Egypt for Plasma Derivatives (S.A.E.) amounting Euros 6,010 thousand, Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A. amounting Euros 44,391 thousand, Grifols Middle East & Africa LLC. amounting Euros 661 thousand and Progenika Biopharma, S.A. amounting Euros 1,238 thousand.

During 2021 the following main changes to Company investments in equity instruments took place:

- In 2015, for the annual bonus of certain eligible employees, the Group set up a Restricted Share Unit Retention Plan (hereinafter RSU plan) (see Note 17). In 2021 the bonuses accrued in the RSU plan during the period were recognised as an investment by the Company in those subsidiaries with employees adhering to this plan, as it is considered as a contribution from the shareholder totalling Euros 2,367 thousand.
- Grifols, S.A. has taken a total of 1 stake of Grifols Viajes, S.A., Grifols, S.A. makes a capital contribution and disburses a monetary contribution of Euros 1 million.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

- A monetary contribution of Euros 15 million was approved at the general shareholders' meeting of Laboratorios Grifols, S.A. This contribution was made by Grifols, S.A., the shareholder holding 99.99% of the shares in which the Company's share capital was divided at the date of the adoption of the agreement.
- The investment in Grifols Argentina S.A. has been increased by Euros 4,449 thousand, as a result of a debt relief of financial liabilities that the subsidiary held with Grifols, S.A.
- The investment in Grifols Brasil Ltda. has been increased by Euros 20,439 thousand, as a result of a debt relief of financial liabilities that the subsidiary held with Grifols, S.A.
- On 20 April 2021, Grifols, S.A. and the National Service Projects Organization made a capital contribution for the constitution of Grifols Egypt for Plasma Derivatives S.A.E. which amounted to US Dollars 30,000 thousand. Grifols, S.A. contribution was US Dollars 14,700 thousand (Euros 12,154 thousand), obtaining 49% stake of the total share capital. On 16 July 2021, an additional capital increase of US Dollars 45.000 thousand was made, of which Grifols, S.A. contributed in US Dollars 22,050 thousand (Euros 18,300 thousand).

Both shareholders committed to contribute in future capital increases based on their ownership, until the subsidiary has a share capital of US Dollars 300,000 thousand. These increases will be done as far as the subsidiary requires it and with the approval of the shareholders.

- On 24 August 2021, the subsidiary Grifols Switzerland AG was liquidated. Consequently, Grifols S.A. disposed the
 investment and the related provision, which amounted to Euros 4,015 thousand and Euros 3,846 thousand,
 respectively.
- On 26 August 2021, Grifols, S.A. acquired the company Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A. (formerly Tenser Trade, S.A.) with a share capital amounting to Euros 60 thousand in order to make the acquisition of the entire share capital of Tiancheng (Germany) Pharmaceutical Holdings AG worth Euros 1,100 million, which holds 89.88% of the ordinary shares of Biotest AG and 1.08% of the preferred shares. In addition, it will finance the voluntary tender offer for the remaining ordinary and preferred shares of Biotest AG. On the date of approval of these annual accounts, the transaction is subject to regulatory approvals and conditions.

On 5 October 2021, the subsidiary closed the issuance of a senior unsecured corporate bond (Senior Unsecured Notes) in two tranches of Euros 1,400 million and US Dollars 705 million with maturity in 2028. The bonds are guaranteed by Grifols, S.A. and other group companies.

- In 2021, it has been registered an impairment of the investment in Grifols Brasil Ltda amounting Euros 19,201 thousand, Laboratorios Grifols, S.A. amounting Euros 23,185 thousand, and Grifols Viajes, S.A. amounting Euros 325 thousand, and a reversal of impairment in Grifols Nordic AB amounting 2,470 thousand.
- (a) Investments in Group companies

Details of investments in Group companies are provided in Appendix II.

Subsidiaries' activities comprise the following:

- Industrial activity: consisting of the manufacture, preparation and sale of therapeutic products and other pharmaceutical specialities, particularly hemoderivatives and parenteral solutions, reagents, chemical products for use in laboratories and healthcare centres, and medical-surgical materials, equipment and instruments; the collection and analysis of products of biological origin, and the procurement of human plasma.
- Commercial activity: consisting primarily of the marketing of products manufactured by the industrial Group companies.
- Service activity: comprising the management of business trips for Group companies, the preparation and implementation of engineering projects for both the Group and third parties, and the rendering of centralised services such as accounting, human resources, marketing, etc. This activity also includes the reinsurance of the Group's insurance policies.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

The percentage ownerships included in Appendix I reconcile with the voting rights the Company has in its subsidiaries, except for: Grifols Thailand, Ltd. (48% ownership) and Grifols Malaysia Sdn Bhd (49% ownership), in which the Company has majority voting rights through the type of shares it holds in Grifols Thailand, Ltd and a contract entered into with the other shareholder and the pledging of this shareholder's shares in Grifols Malaysia.

(i) Foreign currency

The functional currencies of foreign operations are the currencies of the countries in which they are domiciled, except for Grifols Worldwide Operations Limited, the functional currency of which is the US Dollar.

(ii) Impairment testing

At the end of the year, the Company assesses whether there are signs of impairment in each of the investments in group companies and associates.

For investments in group companies and associates with signs of impairment, an estimate of the recoverable value is made, based on the present value of 5-year future cash flows approved by Management that are estimated to be received from each investment in its functional currency, discounted at a discount rate that includes the inherent risk, considering the net financial position and converting the euros at the closing exchange rate.

When estimating the recoverable value, Management considered the gross margin based on the past performance and the current situation, the ongoing investments, and the national market performance expectations.

Cash flows estimated as of the year in which stable growth in the financial investments has been reached are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates indicated below. Perpetual growth rates are consistent with the industry reports forecasts and the countries where the investee companies operate.

For the investment in Shanghai RAAS Blood Products Co. Ltd. (hereinafter SRAAS), as of 31 December 2022, the market value of SRAAS shares was CNY 6.34. As a consequence of the prolonged decline in the fair value of SRAAS below its cost, there is an indication of impairment.

_	31/12/2022	31/12/2021	Acquisition date
SRAAS share price	CNY 6.34	CNY 6.80	CNY 7.91

Therefore, the recoverable value of the investment in SRAAS has been determined using the present value of the cash flows over 14 years, as SRAAS operates in an emerging market, where current investments are expected to result in long-term growth beyond 5 years. Cash flows from the fourth year have been extrapolated to 10 years more, using growth rates that reduce the fourth-year growth rate to the long-term growth rate to reflect a better estimate of medium-term growth.

The key assumptions used in impairment testing of the equity investments for 2022 were as follows:

	Perpetual growth rate	Pre-tax discount rate
Grifols Australia Pty Ltd.	2,6%	10,7%
Grifols Brasil, Ltda.	2,0%	16,8%
Gripdan Invest, S.L.	1,6%	12,8%
Grifols Nordic AB	2,0%	8,7%
Grifols UK, Ltd.	1,5%	10,5%
Kiro Grifols, S.L.	1,5%	11,6%
Laboratorios Grifols, S.A.	1,6%	11,1%
Shanghai RAAS Blood Products Co. Ltd.	3,3%	9,3%
Progenika Biopharma, S.A.	1,6%	10,0%

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

The discount rate used reflects specific risks relating to the equity investments and the countries in which they operate. The main assumptions used for determining the discount rate are as follows:

- Risk free rate: normalized government bonds at 10 years
- Market risk premium: premium based on market research
- Unlevered beta: average market beta
- Debt to equity ratio: average market ratio

Only for those investments in companies that, due to the specific nature of their activity do not have estimates of future cash flows, impairment has been calculated by comparing their equity value at the end of the year with the net book value of the investment.

In 2022, as a result of the impairment test performed, the Company recorded an impairment of the investments in:

Investment	Thous and Euros
Grifols Brasil Ltda.	9,229
Laboratorios Grifols, S.A.	55,325
Grifols Viajes, S.A.	923
Grifols Argentina, S.A.	856
Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A.	1,313
Grifols Egypt for Plasma Derivatives (S.A.E.)	6,010
Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A.	44,391
Grifols Middle East & Africa LLC.	661
Progenika Biopharma, S.A.	1,238
Total impairment	119,946

In the current economic context, the reasonably possible changes considered for equity investments are a variation in the discount rate (+/-50bps), as well as in the estimated perpetual growth rate (+/-50bps), with independent analysis.

The reasonably possible changes in key assumptions considered by management in the calculation of the equity investments recoverable amount would cause their carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount as follows:

D-44'-1'	Perpetual growth rate	Pre-tax discount rate
Potential impairment	-50 bps	+50bps
Grifols Brasil Ltda.	1%	1%
Laboratorios Grifols, S.A.	8%	11%
Progenika Biopharma, S.A.	3%	3%

(b) Other Information

The subsidiaries with direct and indirect participation, have been audited/reviewed by the associates of KPMG International in the countries in which they are domiciled, with the exception of Grifols Argentina, S.A. (audited by Alexia Consulting group, S.R.L.) and Kiro Grifols, S.L. (audited by LKS Auditores, S.L.P.)

Grifols Viajes, S.A., Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A., Gripdan Invest, S.L., Grifols Japan, K.K., Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A., Grifols Egypt for Plasma Derivatives, S.A.E., Plasmavita Healthcare II GmbH., Albimmune, S.L., Grifols Biotest Holdings GmbH and Grifols Pyrenees Research Center, S.L have not been audited.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

All the financial assets in investments in equity instruments of group companies and associates have been classified as financial assets at cost.

(13) Financial Assets by Category

(a) Classification of financial assets by category

The classification of financial assets by category and class and a comparison of the fair value and the carrying amount are provided in Appendix III.

(b) Net losses and gains by category of financial asset

Net losses and gains by category of financial asset are as follows:

	Thousand Euros		
2022	Financial asset at amortised cost	Total	
Finance income at amortised cost, Group companies	282,305	282,305	
Finance income at amortised cost	8,905	8,905	
Net gains in profit and loss	291,210	291,210	
	291,210	291,210	

	Thous and Euros		
2021	Financial asset at amortised cost	Total	
Finance income at amortised cost, Group companies	240,347	240,347	
Finance income at amortised cost	15	15	
Net gains in profit and loss	240,362	240,362	
	240,362	240,362	

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(14) Investments and Trade Receivables

(a) Investments in Group companies

Details of investments in Group companies and related parties are as follows:

I nous and Euros			
2022		2021	
Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
7,144,755	103,269	6,977,554	150,000
-	14,771	-	108,726
-	4,993	-	2,757
7,144,755	123,033	6,977,554	261,483

Thousand Funes

Thous and Euros

At 31 December 2022 the Company has several loans with Group companies. The most significant loans are:

- Three subordinated loans with subsidiary entities that accrue interest at a market rate, with no due date established and an amount of Euros 3,412 million. The Company will not request the payment of these loans in the short term. One of them was signed during 2022 with Grifols Biotest Holdings GmbH and amounts Euros 218 million.
- Loans totalling Euros 3,836 million that accrue interest at a market rate (see Appendix III).

Interest correspond to the interests on the subordinated loans.

(b) Investments

Details of investments are as follows:

	2022		2021	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
ent financial assets	449	-	-	-
s derivatives (Note 15)	26,977	11,536	2,068	3,238
tees	1,773	33	1,552	6
	29,199	11,569	3,620	3,244

Financial instruments derivatives at 31 December 2022 includes an exchange rate derivative through equity account with financial entities, see Note 15.

At 31 December 2022, Euros 943 thousand (Euros 749 thousand in 2021) of guarantees and deposits are associated with leases with Centurion Real Estate SOCIMI, S.A., a related party of Grifols S.A. (see Note 24) and Euros 559 thousand correspond to leases arranged with a Group company (Euros 559 thousand in 2021).

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(c) Trade and other receivables

Details of trade and other receivables are as follows:

	Thous and Euros		
	2022	2021	
	Current	Current	
Group			
Trade receivables (Note 24)	50,198	71,645	
Associates			
Trade receivables (Note 24)	-	1,272	
Unrelated parties			
Trade receivables	833	1,659	
Other receivables	1,068	227	
Personnel	171	280	
Taxation authorities, income tax (Note 22)	2,486	358	
Public entities, other (Note 22)	18,113	16,376	
	72,869	91,817	

Taxation authorities, income tax and Public entities, other, at 31 December 2022 and 2021 corresponds almost fully to the reimbursement of the value added tax. The Company files consolidated VAT and income tax returns and is the head of the consolidation group.

(d) Amounts denominated in foreign currencies

Details of monetary financial assets denominated in foreign currencies are as follows:

	Thousand Euros		
2022	US Dollar	Other	Total
Trade and other receivables			
Trade receivables – current	159	-	159
Trade receivables from Group companies and associates - current	2,820	130	2,950
Other receivables	2	-	2
Total current financial assets	2,981	130	3,111
Total financial assets	2,981	130	3,111

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	T	Thous and Euros		
2021	US Dollar	Other	Total	
Trade and other receivables				
Trade receivables – current	153	1	154	
Trade receivables from Group companies and associates - current	1,980	3	1,983	
Other receivables	5	-	5	
Total current financial assets	2,138	4	2,142	
Total financial assets	2,138	4	2,142	

Details of exchange differences recognised in profit or loss on financial instruments, distinguishing between settled and outstanding transactions, are as follows:

	Thous and Euros			
	2022		2021	
	Settled	Outstanding	Settled	Outstanding
Trade and other receivables				
Trade receivables – current	(14)	9	(36)	11
Trade receivables from Group companies - current	546	(124)	311	73
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	(409)	-	(939)	1,052
Total current financial assets	123	(115)	(664)	1,136
Total financial assets	123	(115)	(664)	1,136

(15) Financial derivatives

The Company uses financial derivatives to hedge against the risk that the future cash flows are exposed. In 2022, the Company considered that the requirements detailed in Note 4, regarding the registration and valuation rules, have been fulfilled in order to classify the financial instruments detailed below as hedging instruments.

The Company performs an analysis to assess to what extent the changes in the cash flows of the hedging instrument would offset the changes in the cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the risk that is intended to be hedged. Taking this analysis into account, the Company determines the existence of the economic relationship and the coverage ratio.

At the year-end, the Company analyses the ineffectiveness and assesses whether an economic relationship continues to exist or whether the set hedge ratio is appropriate. The possible sources of ineffectiveness considered by the Company to determine the hedging relationship and the hedge ratio are:

- The hedging instrument and the hedged item have different start dates and trade dates.
- The underlying of the hedged item and the hedging instrument are not homogeneous.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

a) Cash flow hedge

At 31 December 2022, the Company holds the following hedging instruments:

				Thous and Dollars		Thous and E	uros	
	Hedging			Notional		Ineffectiveness recognised in	0 0	nstrument value
Hedged item	instrument	Hedged risk	Туре	value	Due date ¹	profit or loss	Asset ²	Liability
Liabilities issued in USD	Currency s wap	USD/EUR exchange rate	USD purchase	150,000	2024	-	10,095	-
Liabilities issued in USD	Currency swap	USD/EUR exchange rate	USD purchase	150,000	2024	-	10,091	-
Liabilities issued in USD	Currency swap	USD/EUR exchange rate	USD purchase	200,000	2024	-	13,460	-
Liabilities issued in USD	Currency s wap	USD/EUR exchange rate	USD purchase	205,000	2024	96	3,534	3,990

⁽¹⁾ The maturity of the hedging instrument matches with the year when the cash flows are expected to occur and affect the profit and loss account.

In 2021, the Company had no financial derivatives classified as hedging instruments.

The breakdown of the amounts recorded in equity and in the profit or loss account in 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Thousan	id Euros
	2022	2021
Income and expense recognised directly in equity	(16,632)	-
Amounts transferred to the income statement		
Recycling of interest expense	6,671	-
Hedging reversal	721	-
Recycling of exchange rate differences	4,461	-

As of December 31, 2022, cash flow hedges with their notional or contractual values, and their fair values, were as follows:

	Thous and Dollars	Thous and Euros			
	Notional value	2023	2024	Net fair value	
Interest rate and/or currency swaps:					
Cash flow hedges	705.000	10.203	22.987	33.190	
	705,000	10,203	22,987	33,190	

⁽²⁾ The balance sheet caption "Short-term derivatives" includes 1,333 thousand Euros corresponding to the initial cost that is accrued over the life of the instrument.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Cross-currency swaps

The loan signed with the Group company, Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A. amounting to US Dollars 687.4 million and maturing in October 2028, has been hedged through currency swaps that convert the face value of the loan and the interest to be settled from US Dollars to Euros. The characteristics of the financial derivatives are as follows:

- On 28 June 2022 the Company entered into a fixed-for-fixed currency swap agreement with due date 15 October 2024. The agreement set the exchange of currency flows EUR-USD under the following terms:
 - Grifols, S.A. received a loan in euros for an amount of Euros 194 million with an interest rate of 3.10%.
 - Grifols S.A. granted a loan in US dollars for an amount of US Dollars 205 million with an interest rate of 4.75%.
- On 5 October 2021 the Company entered into a fixed-for-fixed currency swap agreement with some financial entities with due date 15 October 2024. The agreement set the exchange of currency flows EUR-USD under the following terms:
 - Grifols, S.A. received a loan in euros for an amount of Euros 173 million with an interest rate of 3.78%.
 - Grifols S.A. granted a loan in US dollars for an amount of US Dollars 200 million with an interest rate of 4.75%.
- On 5 October 2021 the Company entered into two fixed-for-fixed currency swap agreements with due date 15 October 2024. The agreement set the exchange of currency flows EUR-USD under the following terms:
 - Grifols, S.A. received a loan in euros for an amount of Euros 259 million with an interest rate of 3.59%.
 - Grifols S.A. granted a loan in US dollars for an amount of US Dollars 300 million with an interest rate of 4 75%

Regarding the financial derivative agreement dated on October 5, 2021, it was considered as a hedge instrument on 21 April 2022, being treated previously as a financial asset at fair value with changes in the profit or loss account. Up to that date, the impact on the profit or loss account of the fair value variations of such instrument amounted to an income of 16,646 thousand Euros, recorded under the disclosure "Fair value adjustments recognized in profit and loss" in the attached profit and loss statement (5,306 thousand Euros in 2021).

(16) Prepayments

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, prepayments include mainly insurance premium and maintenance prepayments.

(17) Equity

Details of equity and movement during the year are shown in the statement of changes in equity.

(a) Capital

At 31 December 2022 and 2021 the share capital of Grifols S.A. amounts to Euros 119,603,705 and is represented by:

- Class A shares: 426,129,798 ordinary shares of Euros 0.25 par value each, subscribed and fully paid and of the same class and series, and which are ordinary shares of the Company.
- Class B shares: 261,425,110 non-voting preference shares of Euros 0.05 par value each, of the same class and series, and with the preferential rights set forth in the Company's by-laws.

The main characteristics of the Class B shares are as follows:

• Each Class B share entitles its holder to receive a minimum annual preferred dividend out of the distributable profits at the end of each year equal to Euros 0.01 per Class B share provided that the aggregate preferred dividend does not exceed the distributable profits of that year and, subject, according to the commercial law, to the approval of the distribution of dividends by the Company's shareholders. This preferred dividend is not cumulative if sufficient distributable profits are not obtained in the period.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

- Each Class B share holder is entitled to receive, in addition to the above-mentioned preferred dividend, the same dividends and other distributions as for one Grifols, S.A. ordinary share.
- Each Class B share entitles the holder to its redemption under certain circumstances, if a takeover bid for all or part of the shares in the Company has been made, except if holders of Class B shares have been entitled to participate in the bid on the same terms as holders of Class A shares. The redemption terms and conditions reflected in the Company's by-laws limit the amount that may be redeemed, requiring that sufficient distributable reserves be available, and limit the percentage of shares to be redeemed in line with the ordinary shares to which the bid is addressed.
- In the event the Company were to be wound up and liquidated, each Class B share entitles the holder to receive, before any amounts are paid to holders of ordinary shares, an amount equal to the sum of (i) the par value of the Class B share, and (ii) the share premium paid for the Class B share when it was subscribed. In addition to the Class B liquidation preference amount, each holder is entitled to receive the same liquidation amount that is paid for each ordinary share.

These shares are freely transferable.

The Company's knowledge of its shareholders is based on information provided voluntarily or in compliance with applicable legislation. According to the information available to the Company, there are no interests higher than 10% with voting rights at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

(b) Share premium

This reserve is freely distributable.

(c) Reserves

Details of reserves and movement during the year are shown in Appendix IV.

During 2021 the Company settled the 2018 RSU plan causing an increase of Euros 1,268 thousand in reserves. In 2022 the Company has settled the 2019 RSU plan leading to a rise of Euros 2,187 thousand in reserves.

During 2021 the Company distributed a dividend from retained earnings of Euros 247,520 thousand that was approved in the annual general meeting held on 21 May 2021.

(i) Legal reserve

The legal reserve has been appropriated in compliance with article 274 of the Spanish Companies Act, which requires that companies transfer 10% of profits for the year to a legal reserve until this reserve reaches an amount equal to 20% of share capital. At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the legal reserve represents 20% of share capital.

The legal reserve is not distributable to shareholders and if it is used to offset losses, in the event that no other reserves are available, the reserve must be replenished with future profits.

(ii) Treasury stock and reserve for Company shares

At the meeting held on 11 March 2021, the Board of Directors agreed to implement a program to repurchase Grifols' treasury stock (the Buyback Program), in accordance with the authorization granted by Grifols' shareholders at an ordinary general meeting held on 9 October 2020, under point twelve of the agenda.

The Buyback Program was created with the aim of using Grifols' treasury stock (Class A and Class B) as consideration in certain future acquisitions that Grifols may make (as the company has done on previous occasions).

This Buyback Program began on 12 March 2021 and had been in force until 14 June 2021 (both dates included).

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(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Grifols entrusted the execution of the Buyback Program to an independent bank, and therefore Grifols had not exercised any control over the bank's decisions in this regard.

During 2022, the Company acquired 500,000 treasury stocks (Class B shares).

In March 2021 the Group delivered 361,530 treasury stocks (Class B shares) to eligible employees as compensation for the Restricted Share Unit Retention Plan, of which 127,438 were given to Company employees (see Note 17 (d)).

In March 2022 the Group delivered 370,746 treasury stocks (Class B shares) to eligible employees as compensation for the Restricted Share Unit Retention Plan, of which 142,952 were given to Company employees (see Note 17 (d)).

The Company held Class B treasury stock equivalent to 1.3% of its capital at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

Movement in Class A treasury stock during 2022 and 2021 has been as follows:

	-	Thous and Euros	Euros
	Number of Class A shares	Nominal	Average acquisition value
Acquisitions of Class A shares	3,944,430	89,959	22.81
Balance at 31 December 2021	3,944,430	89,959	
Acquisitions of Class A shares	-		
Disposals of Class A shares	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2022	3,944,430	89,959	-

Movement in Class B treasury stock during 2022 and 2021 has been as follows:

	<u>-</u>	Thousand Euros	Euros
	Number of Class B shares	Nominal	Average acquisition value
Balance at 1 January 2021	3,012,164	43,734	-
Acquisitions of Class B shares	2,419,896	35,744	14.77
Disposals of Class B shares	(361,530)	(5,249)	-
Balance at 31 December 2021	5,070,530	74,229	-
Acquisitions of Class B shares	500,000	3,459	6.92
Disposals of Class B shares	(370,746)	(5,427)	-
Balance at 31 December 2022	5,199,784	72,261	-

(iii) Differences on redenomination of capital to Euros

This reserve is not distributable.

(iv) Voluntary reserves

These reserves are freely distributable.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(d) Other own equity instruments

For the annual bonus, the Group has set up a Restricted Share Unit Retention Plan (RSU Plan), for certain employees. Under this plan, employees can choose to receive up to 50% of their yearly bonus as non-voting Class B ordinary shares (Grifols Class B Shares) or Grifols American Depositary Shares (Grifols ADS), and the Company will match this with an additional 50% in RSU.

Grifols Class B Shares and Grifols ADS are valued at bonus grant date.

These RSU will have a vesting period of two years and one day and, subsequently, they will be exchanged for Grifols Class B Shares or Grifols ADS (American Depositary Share representing 1 Class B Share).

If an eligible employee leaves the Company or is terminated with cause before the vesting period, they will not be entitled to the additional RSU.

At 31 December 2021, the Company has settled the 2018 RSU plan for an amount of Euros 7,528 thousand, of which 2,790 thousand are from the Company.

At 31 December 2022, the Company settled the 2019 RSU plan for an amount of Euros 8,128 thousand, of which 3,175 thousand were from the Company.

Because this commitment is settled in shares, it is recognised in equity and it totals Euros 7,303 thousand at 31 December 2022 (Euros 9,838 thousand in 2021).

(18) Other Provisions, Other Guarantees with Third Parties and Other Contingent Liabilities

(a) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities for bank and other guarantees are disclosed in Note 20. The Company does not expect any significant liabilities to arise from these guarantees.

(b) Commitments with employees

In the event of a takeover, the Company has agreements with 19 employees/directors whereby they can unilaterally rescind their employment contracts with the Company and are entitled to termination benefits ranging from two to five years' salary.

The Company has three contracts with 4 members of Senior management who will receive a termination benefit ranging from one to two years' salary, depending on the circumstances.

(19) Financial Liabilities by Category

(a) Classification of financial liabilities by category

The classification of financial liabilities by category and class and a comparison of the fair value with the carrying amount are provided in Appendix V.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(b) Net losses and gains by financial liability category

Net losses and gains by financial liability category are as follows:

	Thous and Euros		
2022	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total	
Finance costs at amortised cost, third parties	(108,132)	(108,132)	
Finance costs at amortised cost, Group companies	(293,853)	(293,853)	
Net losses in profit and loss	(401,985)	(401,985)	
	(401,985)	(401,985)	

	Thousand Euros		
2021	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total	
Finance costs at amortised cost, third parties			
•	(108,473)	(108,473)	
Finance costs at amortised cost, Group companies	(182,964)	(182,964)	
Net losses in profit and loss	(291,437)	(291,437)	
	(291,437)	(291,437)	

(20) Payables and Trade Payables

(a) Group companies and associates

Details of Group companies and associates are as follows:

Thousand Euros			
202	22	2021	
Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
6,419,171	60	4,605,868	60
-	21,400	-	25,159
-	40,260	-	17,365
6,419,171	61,720	4,605,868	42,584

During 2022, Grifols, S.A. has formalized a loan with the group company Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A. in two tranches for an amount of Euros 1,366 million and US Dollars 687 million. The maturity is in 2028 and the annual interest is a 3.875% and 4.75% respectively.

Details of payables to Group companies do not include trade payables to Group companies, details of which are provided in section d) of this Note.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(b) Payables

Details of payables are as follows:

	Thousand Lan os			
	2022		2021	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Unrelated parties				
Promissory notes	2,556,641	12,554	2,553,548	110,638
Loans and borrowings	1,340,473	50,887	1,363,205	41,608
Interest	-	10,012	-	472
Finance lease payables (Note 8)	52	391	430	710
Financial instruments derivatives (Note 15)	3,990	-	-	-
Payables	576	942	1,148	1,413
	3,901,732	74,786	3,918,331	154,841

Thous and Euros

(i) Senior Notes

On 18 April 2017, Grifols, S.A., issued Euros 1,000 million of Senior Unsecured Notes that will mature in 2025 and bear an annual interest rate of 3.20%. On 2 May 2017 the Notes were admitted to listing on the Irish Stock Exchange.

On 15 November 2019, as part of Group's debt refinancing process, Grifols, S.A. closed the issuance of Euros 1,675 million of Senior Secured Notes segmented in two notes of Euros 770 million and Euros 905 million. These Notes will mature in 2027 and 2025 and bear an annual interest rate of 2.25% and 1.625%, respectively. The Notes were admitted to listing on the Irish Stock Exchange.

On 2 December 2021, Grifols, S.A. announced a cash tender offer of 100% of the principal amount plus the accrued and unpaid interests of the Senior Secured Notes up to the equivalent in Euros of US Dollars 110,317 thousand. In January 2022, the agreement had been closed, so this amount was classified as current liability as of 31 December 2021. The detail by maturity of the principal at 31 December 2022 and 2021 is the following:

		Thous and Euros		
		2022	2021	
Maturity	Currency	Principal	Principal	
2022	Euros	-	97,535	
2025	Euros	837,856	837,856	
2027	Euros	739,609	739,609	
	Total	1,577,465	1,675,000	

The Notes have been issued by Grifols S.A. and are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by subsidiaries of Grifols, S.A. that are guarantors and co-borrower under the new credit contract (New Credit Facilities). The guarantors are Grifols Worldwide Operations Limited, Biomat USA, Inc., Grifols Biologicals Inc., Grifols Shared Services North America, Inc., Talecris Plasma Resources, Inc., Grifols Therapeutics, Inc., Instituto Grifols, S.A., Grifols Worldwide Operations USA, Inc., Grifols USA, Llc. and Grifols International, S.A.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(ii) Loans and borrowings

Between 2017 and 2018, Grifols, S.A. obtained two loans from the European Investment Bank amounting Euros 85,000 thousand each one, that will be used by Grifols to support its investments in R&D, mainly focused on the search for new therapeutic indications for plasma-derived protein therapies. The financial terms include a fixed interest rate, a maturity of 10 years with a grace period of two years. At 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of the loans obtained from the European Investment Bank totalled Euros 116,875 thousand (Euros 138,125 thousand at 31 December 2021).

Senior Secured Debt

On 15 November 2019 the Group refinanced its Senior Secured Debt with the existing lenders. For Grifols, S.A. the new senior debt consists of a Term Loan B ("TLB"), which amounts to Euros 1,360 million with a 2.25% margin pegged to Euribor, maturity in 2027 and quasi-bullet repayment structure.

The terms and conditions of the senior secured debt are as follows:

- Original principal amount of Euros 1,360 million.
- Applicable margin of 225 basis points (bp) pegged to Euribor.
- Quasi-bullet repayment structure.
- Maturity in 2027.

At 31 December 2021, the Company had early amortised the amount of Euros 74,246 thousand regarding the Tranche B in Euros. The detail by maturity of the principal at 31 December 2022 and 2021 is the following:

		Thous and Euros		
		2022	2021	
Maturity	Currency	Principal	Principal	
2023	Euros	3,269	3,269	
2024	Euros	13,076	13,076	
2025	Euros	13,076	13,076	
2026	Euros	13,076	13,076	
2027	Euros	1,216,058	1,216,058	
	Total	1,258,555	1,258,555	

At 31 December 2022, the Tranche B in US Dollars amounting Euros 2,169,407 thousand is guaranteed by Grifols, S.A. and certain significant subsidiaries of Grifols, S.A. that together with Grifols, S.A. represent, in the aggregate, at least 60% of the consolidated EBITDA of the Group.

In accordance with the senior secured debt contract, the Group is subject to compliance with some covenants. At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group complies with the covenants in the contract.

(c) Other information on payables

(i) Main characteristics of payables

The terms and conditions of loans and payables are provided in Appendix VII.

Non-current and current promissory notes are presented net of loan arrangement costs, which at 31 December 2022 amount to Euros 20,824 thousand (Euros 23,917 thousand at 31 December 2021).

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Non-current and current loans and borrowings are presented net of loan arrangement costs, which at 31 December 2022 amount to Euros 14,330 thousand (Euros 17,094 thousand at 31 December 2021).

The Company has extended guarantees to banks on behalf of Group companies for Euros 7,893 thousand at 31 December 2022 (Euros 7,893 thousand at 31 December 2021).

Thous and Euros

(d) Trade and other payables

Details of trade and other payables are as follows:

	2022	2021
	Current	Current
Group		
Suppliers (note 24)	9,235	15,624
Related parties		
Suppliers (note 24)	4,572	5,071
Unrelated parties		
Suppliers	54,240	66,467
Personnel	11,541	12,547
Current tax liabilities (note 22)	-	68,986
Public entities, other (note 22)	3,399	3,531
	82,987	172,226

(e) Classification by maturity

The classification of financial liabilities by maturity is included in Appendix VI.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(f) Amounts denominated in foreign currencies

The Euro value of monetary financial liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is as follows:

	Thous and Euros				
	2022				_
	US Dollar	Chinese Yuan	Brazilian Real	Other currencies	Total
Group companies and associates, non-current	644,536	-	-	-	644,536
Total non-current liabilities	644,536	-	-	-	644,536
Current payables					
Other financial liabilities	144	-	-	-	144
Group companies and associates, current	5,471	-	-	-	5,471
Trade and other payables					
Suppliers	1,810	-	1	54	1,865
Suppliers, Group companies	92	218	292	78	680
Total current liabilities	7,517	218	293	132	8,160
Total financial liabilities	652,053	218	293	132	652,696

	Thous and Euros				
			2021		_
	US Dollar	Chinese Yuan	Brazilian Real	Other currencies	Total
Trade and other payables					
Suppliers	17,294	-	-	43	17,337
Suppliers, Group companies	315	110	260	52	737
Total current liabilities	17,609	110	260	95	18,074
Total financial liabilities	17,609	110	260	95	18,074

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Details of exchange differences recognised in profit or loss on financial instruments, distinguishing between settled and outstanding transactions, are as follows:

	Thous and Euros			
	2022		2021	
	Settled	Outstanding	Settled	Outstanding
Group companies and associates, non-current	12,795	-	-	
Total non-current liabilities	12,795	12,795		
Current payables				
Loans and borrowings	(326)	-	(685)	-
Group companies and associates, current	(1,229)	299	-	-
Trade and other payables			(434)	(358)
Current payables to suppliers	(496)	167		
Current group payables to suppliers	(2,000)	-	(35)	(14)
Total current liabilities	(4,051)	466	(1,154)	(372)
Total financial liabilities	8,744	466	(1,154)	(372)

(g) Other guarantees to group companies and associates

In accordance with the provision of section 357 of the Irish Companies Act 2014, the Company has irrevocably guaranteed all liabilities of an Irish subsidiary undertaking, Grifols Worldwide Operations Limited (Ireland).

(21) Late Payments to Suppliers. "Reporting Requirement". Second Additional Provision of Law 31/2014 of 4 December 2014

In accordance with the aforementioned Law, the following information corresponding to the Company is disclosed:

	Days		
	2022	2021	
Weighted average maturity period	56	53	
Ratio of payments	57	56	
Ratio of outstanding invoices	50	32	
	Thousan	nd Euros	
	2022	2021	
Total payments	306,701	296,970	
Outstanding invoices	35,957	42,019	

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Detailed information about the invoices paid in a shorter period than the maximum established by the aforementioned Law is as follows:

	2022
Payments monetary value (thousand Euros)	178,718
Percentage over the total monetary value paid to suppliers	58%
Number of invoices paid	5,276
Percentage of the total number of invoices paid to suppliers	25%

(22) Taxation

Details of balances with public entities are as follows:

Thousar	d Euros

	2022		2021	1
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Assets				
Deferred tax as sets	9,150	-	10,477	-
Current tax assets	-	2,486	-	358
Value added tax and similar taxes	-	18,113	-	16,376
	9,150	20,599	10,477	16,734
Liabilities				
Deferred tax liabilities	2,580	-	1,031	-
Current tax liabilities	-	-	-	68,986
Value added tax and similar taxes	-	-	-	454
Social Security	-	1,265	-	1,132
Withholdings	-	2,134	-	1,945
	2,580	3,399	1,031	72,517

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Details by company of intercompany receivables and payables resulting from the tax effect of filing consolidated tax returns are as follows:

Tho	us	and	Eur	o
-----	----	-----	-----	---

	2022	2021
	Current	Current
Receivables (Note 14)		
Diagnostic Grifols, S.A.	-	35
Instituto Grifols, S.A.	8,067	99,791
Biomat, S.A.	44	68
Grifols International, S.A.	1,082	1,783
Grifols Movaco, S.A.	4,776	4,194
Grifols Viajes, S.A.	80	410
Grifols Engineering, S.A.	275	247
Gripdan Invest, S.L	447	1,567
Araclon Biotech, S.L	-	631
	14,771	108,726

Thous and Euros

	2022	2021
	Current	Current
Payables (Note 20)		
Biomat, S.A.	427	235
Grifols Viajes, S.A	25	238
Instituto Grifols, S.A.	10,372	8,553
Laboratorios Grifols, S.A.	3,263	8,002
Grifols Movaco, S.A	492	167
VCN Biosciencies, S.L	-	1,435
Grifols Engineering, S.A.	396	307
Grifols International, S.A.	257	128
Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A.	141	301
Diagnostic Grifols, S.A.	4,654	1,971
Araclon Biotech, S.L.	1,129	3,822
Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A.	244	
	21,400	25,159

Balances receivable and payable at 31 December 2022 and 2021 comprise accrued income tax and value added tax.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

The Company has the following main applicable taxes open to inspection by the Spanish taxation authorities:

Tax	Years open to inspection
T	2017 2022
Income tax	2017-2022
Value added tax	2018-2022
Personal income tax	2018-2022
Capital gains tax	2018-2022
Taxon Economic Activities	2019-2022
Social Security	2019-2022
Non-residents	2019-2022
Customs duties	2019-2022

Years open to inspection

Under prevailing legislation, taxes cannot be considered to be definitively settled until the returns filed have been inspected by the taxation authorities, or the prescription period has elapsed.

In 2022 Grifols, S.A., has been notified of an inspection for corporate income tax from 2017 to 2019 and VAT and withholding tax from 2018 to 2019.

The Company management does not expect any significant liability to derive from these inspections.

Grifols, S.A. and some companies of the consolidated tax group were subject of a tax inspection by the Spanish tax authorities (Agencia Estatal de Administración Tributaria) of the income tax for the fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 2016, and the personal income tax and the value added tax for the fiscal years 2015 and 2016. As a result of the procedure, the Spanish tax authorities issued a tax inspection report, which was signed in accordance by the Group on 8 November 2021.

Regarding the income tax, the aforementioned report adjusted certain transactions and calculations related to deductions to encourage activities, other tax incentives and the deductibility of certain expenses, as well as the valuation of some intercompany transactions, considering different interpretations of the allocation of tax loss carryforwards in different jurisdictions. These adjustments did not entail any sanction, as the tax authorities considered that the Group had made a diligent and reasonable interpretation of the tax legislation.

Concerning the value added tax, the deductibility of certain tax liabilities was adjusted, as well as the application of the special tax regime.

As a result of the tax inspection, the Company adjusted the non-deductible VAT and the income tax in the amount of Euros 63 thousand and Euros 320 thousand, respectively. The differences identified by the Spanish tax authorities were recorded as part of the current tax included in the balance sheet caption "Current tax liabilities" at 31 December 2021.

(a) Income tax

The Company files consolidated tax returns with Instituto Grifols, S.A., Laboratorios Grifols, S.A., Grifols Movaco, S.A., Biomat, S.A., Grifols International, S.A., Grifols Engineering, S.A., Grifols Viajes, S.A., Gripdan Invest S.L., Araclon Biotech, S.L., Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga S.A. and Grifols Escrow Issuer S.A.

Law 38/2022 has incorporated a temporary measure with effect for tax periods beginning in 2023, limiting the amount of the individual tax losses of each of the entities comprising the tax group for corporate income tax purposes by 50%. Under the terms in which this measure has been approved, it will have an impact on the use of tax loss carryforwards by the consolidated tax group Grifols S.A. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this measure and the alternatives that may mitigate this effect, although it is not possible to quantify this impact at this time.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

The Pilar 2 Law proposes to establish a worldwide minimum taxation of 15% in Corporate Income Tax (IS) for those companies with a turnover of more than 750 M€. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this measure, however it is not expected to have a significant impact on its financial statements.

A reconciliation of net income and expenses for the year with the taxable income is provided in Appendix VIII.

The relationship between the tax income and accounting profit for the year is shown in Appendix IX.

Details of the tax income recognised in the income statement are as follows:

	Thous and I	Euros	
	2022	2021	
Current tax			
Current year	(50,065)	(42,299)	
	(50,065)	(42,299)	
Deferred tax			
Source and reversal of temporary differences			
Property, plant and equipment	(36)	(217)	
Financial investments	-	962	
Others	1,157	626	
Prior year adjustments	-	177	
Deductions generated	(2,277)	(2,587)	
Deductions applied	1,923	7,805	
Adjustment of deductions in prior years	27	469	
Other corporate income tax expenses	701	576	
Non-deductible provisions	7,000		
	(41,570)	(34,488)	

Details of deferred tax assets and liabilities by type of asset and liability are as follows:

	Thous and Euros					
	Assets		Liabilities		No	et
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Property, plant and equipment	61	68	(960)	(1,004)	(899)	(936)
Grants	-	-	(26)	(27)	(26)	(27)
Restricted share unit retention plan	-	900	-	-	-	900
Provisions	1,195	962	-	-	1,195	962
Derivatives	-	-	(1,594)	-	(1,594)	-
Rights to tax deductions and credits	7,894	8,547	-	-	7,894	8,547
Total assets/liabilities	9,150	10,477	(2,580)	(1,031)	6,570	9,446

Grifols, S.A estimates that the total of rights to tax deductions and credits recognized in the balance at 31 December 2022, will recover within 10 years.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

In accordance with prevailing tax legislation in Spain, share-based payments to employees are income tax deductible for the intrinsic amount of the share options when they are exercised, thus giving rise to a deductible temporary difference for the difference between the amount the taxation authorities will admit as a future deduction and the zero carrying amounts of the share-based payments. At the close of the reporting period, the Company estimates the future tax deduction based on the price of the shares at that time. The amount of the tax deduction is recognised as current or deferred income tax with a balancing entry in the income statement.

Details of deferred tax assets and liabilities that are expected to be realised or reversed in periods exceeding 12 months are as follows:

	1 nous ar	ia Euros
	2022	2021
Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences	609	827
Total assets	609	827
Deferred tax liabilities	29	909
Net	580	(82)

(b) Value added tax

Since 1 January 2008, the Company has filed consolidated tax returns with Instituto Grifols, S.A., Laboratorios Grifols, S.A., Diagnostic Grifols, S.A., Grifols Movaco, S.A., Biomat, S.A., Grifols International, S.A., Grifols Engineering, S.A., Grifols Viajes, S.A., Aigües Minerals de Vilajuïga, S.A., Gripdan Invest, S.L., Araclón Biotech, S.L. and Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A.

(23) Environmental Information

Details at 31 December of property, plant and equipment used to minimise the Company's impact on the environment are as follows:

	Thous and Euros				
		2022			
Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net		
Sewage treatment	124	(112)	12		
Water saving	330	(316)	14		
Electricity saving	2,077	(1,425)	652		
Waste management	516	(366)	150		
Others	2,108	(778)	1,330		
	5,155	(2,997)	2,158		

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

		Thous and Euros 2021				
Description						
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net			
Sewage treatment	124	(110)	14			
Watersaving	330	(315)	15			
Electricity saving	2,015	(1,357)	658			
Waste management	501	(336)	165			
Others	2,042	(579)	1,463			
	5,012	(2,697)	2,315			

Environmental expenses amounted to Euros 265 thousand in 2022 (Euros 160 thousand in 2021).

(24) Related Party Balances and Transactions

(a) Related party balances

Details of balances receivable from and payable to Group companies and related parties and the main characteristics are disclosed in Notes 14 and 20.

Details of balances by category are provided in Appendix X.

(b) Related party transactions

Details of the Company's transactions with related parties are provided in Appendix XI.

Services are normally negotiated with Group companies to include a mark-up of between 5% and 10%.

The Company contributes 0.7% of pre-tax consolidated profits for each year to a non-profit organisation.

Transactions with other related parties are conducted at arm's length.

(c) Information on the Company's directors and senior management personnel

In 2022 the independent members of the Company's board of directors accrued Euros 813 thousand in their capacity as such (Euros 950 thousand in 2021). In 2022, the proprietary director's total accrued remuneration amounted to Euros 965 thousand (Euros 965 thousand in 2021). The members of the Company's board of directors who have a labour relationship with the Company and senior management personnel accrued Euros 2,500 thousand and Euros 6,201 thousand, respectively (Euros 2,301 thousand and Euros 7,737 thousand in 2021). During the fiscal year 2022 other external Directors' accrued remuneration amounted to Euros 150 thousand (Euros 200 thousand in 2021).

Members of the board of directors have not received any loans or advances nor has the Company extended any guarantees on their behalf. The Company has no pension or life insurance obligations with its former or current directors or senior management personnel. In addition, termination benefit commitments are in place for certain Company directors and senior management personnel (see Note 18).

During 2022, the Company has paid insurance premiums for civil liability of directors amounting to Euros 1,216 thousand (Euros 1,156 thousand in 2021).

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

(d) Conflicts of interest concerning the directors

The directors of the Company and their related parties have had no conflicts of interest requiring disclosure in accordance with article 229 of the Revised Spanish Companies Act.

(25) Income and Expenses

(a) Revenues

Details of revenues by category of activity and geographical market are shown in Appendix XII.

(b) Supplies

Details of other supplies used are as follows:

	2022	2021
Other supplies used		
Purchases of spare parts	8,889	11,933
Change in inventories	(1,815)	(2,180)
	7,074	9,753

(c) Employee benefits expense and provisions

Details of employee benefits expense are as follows:

	2022	2021
Employee benefits expense		
Social Security payable by the Company	12,315	11,241
Defined contribution plan contributions	206	180
Other employee benefits expenses	2,673	1,966
Provisions	152	32
		10.110
	15,346	13,419

(26) Employee Information

The average headcount of the Company, distributed by department, is as follows:

	Number		
	2022	2021	
Technical area	137	128	
Administration and other	586	556	
General management	81	76	
	804	760	

Thous and Euros

Thous and Euros

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

At 31 December 2022 and 2021 the distribution by gender of Company personnel and the members of the board of directors is as follows:

	Number				
	2022	2	20:	21	
	Female Male		Female	Male	
Directors	4	8	4	8	
Technical area	112	42	98	36	
Administration and other	207	418	198	369	
General management	42	36	46	35	
	365	504	346	448	

The average number of Company employees with disability rating of more than 33% distributed by department, is as follows:

	Number		
	2022	2021	
Technical area	2	5	
Administration and other	12	9	
General management	1	-	
	15	14	

(27) Audit Fees

In 2022 the Company's annual accounts auditor, Deloitte S.L., invoiced the Company for audit services that amounted a total of Euros 84 thousand (Euros 79 thousand in 2021).

During 2022 and 2021 the fees related to audit services and other services invoiced by the Company's auditor, Deloitte, S.L., or for a company associated to the auditor by control, common property or management to the Company and the associated companies have been the following:

	Thous and Euros			
	Fees by Deloitte S.L. or member firms of its network			
	2022	2021		
Audit services	84	79		
Non-audit services				
Other services required by the regulations	-	-		
Other assurance services	-	-		
Tax services	18	59		
Other services		-		
Total professional services	102	138		

The amount of Euros 18 thousand of the table above have been rendered to associated companies to the Company for a controlling relationship (Euros 59 thousand in 2021).

Notes to the Annual Accounts

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

The amounts in the above table include the total fees for services rendered in 2022 and 2021, irrespectively of the date of invoice.

(28) Subsequent events

On February 15, 2023, the Group announced the implementation of a plan to optimise costs and improve organisational efficiency. This plan will imply a workforce reduction that will affect Grifols, S.A. as a result of the rationalisation of the corporate functions in Spain.

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thous and Euros

				Thousand Lar os			
2022	Land	Buildings	Technical installations and machinery	Other installations, equipment and furniture	Under construction and advances	Other items	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022	7,082	4,391	8,816	29,277	6,450	29,712	85,728
Additions	-	-	17	179	3,205	1,486	4,887
Disposals	-	-	(4)	-	-	-	(4)
Transfers	-	-	21	666	(3,556)	131	(2,738)
Cost at 31 December 2022	7,082	4,391	8,850	30,122	6,099	31,329	87,873
Accumulated amortisation at 1 January 2022	-	(146)	(7,304)	(17,234)	-	(22,601)	(47,285)
Amortisations	-	(88)	(248)	(1,548)	-	(3,162)	(5,046)
Disposals			3		-		3
Accumulated amortisation at 31 December 2022	-	(234)	(7,549)	(18,782)	-	(25,763)	(52,328)
Carrying amount at 31 december 2022	7,082	4,157	1,301	11,340	6,099	5,566	35,545

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thous and Euros

	Thousand Lartos										
2021	Land	Buildings	Technical installations and machinery	Other installations, equipment and furniture	Under construction and advances	Other items	Total				
Cost at 1 January 2021	7,082	4,391	8,818	26,020	6,067	28,869	81,247				
Additions	-	-	-	209	3,431	566	4,206				
Disposals	-	-	(2)	(4)	-	(4)	(10)				
Transfers		-	-	3,052	(3,048)	281	285				
Cost at 31 December 2021	7,082	4,391	8,816	29,277	6,450	29,712	85,728				
Accumulated amortisation at 1 January 2021	-	(59)	(7,055)	(15,733)	-	(18,442)	(41,289)				
Amortisations	-	(87)	(249)	(1,505)	-	(4,163)	(6,004)				
Disposals		-	-	4	-	4	8				
Accumulated amortisation at 31 December 2021	-	(146)	(7,304)	(17,234)	-	(22,601)	(47,285)				
Carrying amount at 31 december 2021	7,082	4,245	1,512	12,043	6,450	7,111	38,443				

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

% ownership Thousand Euros Other Dividends Carrying Registered Share equity Interim Profit/(loss) amount of received $investment ^{\,(1)}$ in 2022 office Activity Dir capital dividends for the year Total equity Name Ind Total Reserves items Alkahest, Inc. Research 100.000 37,768 13,357 (79,657) (194,877) United States 100.000 (166,345)Kiro Grifols, S.L. 90.000 90.000 3,304 Spain Research 3 (3,398)(91)45,733 (formerly Kiro Robotics S.L.) Progenika Biopharma, S.A. Spain Industrial 100.000 100.000 615 36,792 (1,367)36,040 78,381 --Instituto Grifols, S.A. Spain Industrial 99.998 0.002 100.000 1,538 289,607 (1,344)194,046 483,847 2,882 55% (economic 55% (economic rights)/ rights)/ Diagnostic Grifols, S.A. 337 122,155 (127)8.315 130,680 Spain Industrial 60% (voting 60% (voting rights) rights) Grifols Movaco, S.A. Spain Commercial 99.999 0.001 100.000 2,405 26,234 (337)5,952 34,254 4,241 Laboratorios Grifols, S.A. 98.600 21,798 4,773 1,221 27,506 51,575 Spain Industrial 1.400 100.000 (286)Gripdan Invest, S.L 24,584 Spain Services 100.000 100.000 3,006 5,860 2,664 11,530 3,755 Biomat, S.A. 99.900 0.100 100.000 60 3,174 (96)617 Spain Industrial 156 99.998 Grifols International, S.A. Spain Commercial 0.002 100.000 2,860 55,871 (4,037)9,586 64,280 6.897 Grifols Engineering, S.A. Spain Industrial 99.950 0.050 100.000 60 3,126 (52)1,319 4,453 113 Grifols Viajes, S.A. Spain Services 99.900 0.100 100.000 60 1,334 (481)913 812 Spain Araclon Biotech, S.L. Research 75.850 75.850 12 1.098 (3,450)(2.340)Grifols Worldwide Operations USA Inc. 100.000 100.000 42,930 (6,326)2,055 38,659 United States Industrial ------Grifols Chile, S.A. Chile Commercial 99.000 99.000 385 24,267 4,662 943 30,257 385 Grifols Argentina, S.A. Argentina Commercial 95.010 4.990 100.000 956 29,749 25,354 869 56,928 6,353 --Grifols Portugal Productos Farmacéuticos e Commercial 0.010 99.990 100.000 512 9.118 707 Portugal 10,337 Hospitalares, Lda. Czech Grifols, s.r.o. 100.000 52 1,675 52 Commercial 100.000 7,740 (835)8,632 Republic Grifols USA, LLC United States Commercial --100.000 100.000 562 155,406 (12,476)78,693 222,185 --United Grifols UK, Ltd. Commercial 100.000 100.000 4 9,312 568 993 10,877 21,526 Kingdom Grifols Italia, S.p.A. 100.000 1,744 Italy Commercial 100.000 2,496 8,016 12,256 5,316 --Grifols Brasil, Lda. Commercial 99.9996 0.0001 100.000 75.265 (9,294)13,795 (11,145)68,621 41.848 Brazil Grifols France, S.A.R.L. France Commercial 99.990 0.010 100.000 658 5,232 882 6,772 658 Biomat USA, Inc. United States Industrial 76.210 76.210 654,064 (95,449)115,966 674,581

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 12 to the annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

			%	ownership		Thousand Euros							
_	Registered	-				Share	_	Other equity	Interim	Profit/(loss)		Carrying amount of	Dividends received
Name	office	Activity	Dir	Ind	Total	capital	Reserves	items	dividends	for the year	Total equity	investment (1)	in 2022
Squadron Reinsurance Designated Activity Company (formerly Squadron Reinsurance Ltd.)	Ireland	Services		100.000	100.000	635	86,824	(2,465)		7,187	92,181		
Grifols Biologicals, LLC.	United States	Industrial		100.000	100.000		162,642	(41,793)		17,214	138,063		
Grifols Shared Services North America, Inc. (formerly Grifols Inc.)	United States	Services	100.000		100.000		2,229,941	(656,854)		4,355	1,577,442	1,344,698	
Grifols Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.	Singap ore	Commercial	100.000		100.000	362	12,837	(2,004)		1,566	12,761	938	
Grifols (Thailand), Ltd.	Thailand	Commercial		48.000	48.000	61	7,731	(856)		542	7,478		
Grifols Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	Commercial		49.000	49.000	30	5,792	26		1,162	7,010		
Grifols Polska, Sp.z.o.o.	Poland	Commercial	100.000		100.000	11	3,737	80		460	4,288	11	
Grifols México,S.A. de CV	M exico	Commercial	99.980	0.020	100.000	557	20,585	(2,089)		2,815	21,868	696	
Grifols Australia Pty Ltd.	Australia	Industrial	100.000		100.000	1,695	10,215	1,909		607	14,426	34,974	
M edion Grifols Diagnostic AG	Switzerland	Industrial		55% (economic 5 rights)/ 60% (voting rights)	55% (economic rights)/ 60% (voting rights)	2,487	10,438	(971)		3,895	15,849		
Grifols Colombia, Ltda.	Colombia	Commercial	99.990	0.010	100.000	823	470	561		182	2,036	575	
Grifols Nordic AB	Sweden	Commercial	100.000		100.000	10	3,589	420		564	4,583	5,145	
Grifols Deutschland, GmbH	Germany	Commercial	100.000		100.000	25	13,251	124		4,295	17,695	7,098	
Grifols Therapeutic LLC.	United States	Industrial		100.000	100.000	(2,886)	793,576	(389,170)		154,347	555,867		
Grifols Worldwide Operations Ltd. Grifols Pharmaceutical Technology	Ireland	Industrial	100.000		100.000		385,823	(56,669)	11,302	165,109	505,565	512,763	
(Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (formerly Grifols Pharmaceutical Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.)	China	Commercial	100.000		100.000	1,000	11,979	(319)		1,718	14,378	1,000	
Grifols Diagnostics Solutions Inc (formerly G-C Diagnostics Corp.)	United States	Industrial		55% (economic 5 rights)/ 60% (voting rights)	55% (economic rights)/ 60% (voting rights)		3,537,219	(278,447)		139,617	3,398,389		

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

% ownership Thousand Euros Other Dividends Carrying Registered Share equity Interim Profit/(loss) amount of received investment (1) office in 2022 Name Activity Dir Ind Total capital Reserves items dividends for the year Total equity 55% (economic 55% (economic rights)/ rights)/ Grifols (H.K.), Ltd. Hong Kong Commercial 37,899 41,448 (12,043)3,019 70,323 60% (voting 60% (voting rights) rights) Grifols Japan K.K. Japan Commercial 100.000 100.000 354 3,253 294 202 4,103 709 Grifols Pharmaceutical Technology Co., Commercial 100.000 100.000 (8,670)231 (1,342)(9,781)China Ltd. Beijing Branch Grifols India Healthcare Private Ltd. India 99.984 0.016 100.000 2 1,634 198 634 2,468 599 Commercial Grifols Canada, Ltd. Canada Industrial 100.000 100.000 5,500 689 (604)1,904 7,489 2,220 Grifols Diagnostics Equipment Taiwan Ltd. Taiwan Commercial 100.000 100.000 181 1,018 (123)495 1,571 181 Grifols Innovation and New Ireland Research 100.000 100.000 218,965 (20,470)(3,896)194,599 Technologies Ltd. AlbaJuna Therapeutics, S.L Spain Research 49.000 49.000 10 3,220 822 (1,111)2,941 Grifols Bio Supplies Inc. 100.000 100.000 United States Industrial 103 2,983 1,161 (9,540)(5,293)(formerly Interstate Blood Bank, Inc.) Chiquito Acquisition Corp. United States Corporate 100.000 100.000 63.239 (1.377)1.599 63,461 --Access Biologicals, LLC. and Subsidiaries. United States Industrial 100.000 100.000 25,339 1.806 9,479 36,624 --Aigües Minerals Vilajuïga, S.A. Spain Industrial 99.990 0.010 100.000 75 4,191 (1,485)2,781 2,726 GigaGen Inc. United States Industrial 100.000 100.000 1.325 (1,053)(24,311)(24,038)Plasmavita Healthcare GmbH Germany Industrial 50.000 50.000 25 4,590 (20,000)908 (14,477)--Goetech LLC (D/B/A Medkeeper) United States Industrial --100.000 100.000 52,605 (1,546)94,729 145,788 Mecwins, S.A. Spain Industrial 24.990 24.990 141 6,822 96 (604)6,455 Medcom, S.A. Spain 45.000 45.000 Research --Plasmavita Healthcare II GmbH 50.000 35 (6,500)Austria Industrial 50.000 (1,042)297 (7,210)--Shanghai RAAS Blood Products Co. Ltd. China 26.200 26.200 844,139 2,246,829 500,358 168,077 3,759,403 1.807.351 7,023 Corporate Grifols Korea Co. Ltd. South Korea Commercial 100.000 100.000 75 1,207 (35)449 1,696 73 Grifols Canada Therapeutics Inc. (formerly Canada Industrial 0.020 99.980 100.000 (983)385,002 (28, 138)(5,013)350,868 19,727 Green Cross Biotherapeutics, Inc) Grifols Laboratory Solutions Inc. 100.000 United States Commercial 100.000 (1,212)113 (1,575)(2,674)Grifols Middle East & Africa LLC 99.990 0.010 100.000 684 (142)(211)(842) (511)50 Egypt Services

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

			% (ownership		Thousand Euros							
		,				~		Other	*	TO 00 (10)		Carrying	Dividends
	Registered					Share		equity	Interim	Profit/(loss)		amount of	received
Name	office	Activity	Dir	Ind	Total	capital	Reserves	items	dividends	for the year	Total equity	investment (1)	in 2022
Biomat Newco, Corp.	United States	Industrial		87.100	87.100		45,673	(29,845)	-	- (38,795)	(22,967)		
Biomat Holdco, LLC.	United States	Services		100.000	100.000		62,189	(12,599)	-		49,590		
Grifols Bio North America, LLC.	United States	Industrial		100.000	100.000		338	60	-	- 3,742	4,140		
Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A.	Spain	Services	100.000		100.000	60	29,603		-	- (24,613)	5,050	2,667	
Grifols Pyrenees Research Center, S.L.	Andorra	Industrial		80.000	80.000	3			-	- (37)	(34)		
Prometic Plasma Resources, Inc.	Canada	Industrial	0.020	99.980	100.000		5,204	537	-	- 3,933	9,674		
Grifols Egypt for Plasma Derivatives (S.A.E.)	Egypt	Industrial	49.000		49.000	66,178	446		-	- 625	67,249	46,454	
Albimmune, S.L.	Spain	Research		51.000	51.000	3			-	- (1,514)	(1,511)		
Biotest AG and Subsidiaries (2)	Germany	Industrial	24.700	45.480	70.180	39,571	359,238	9,783	-	- (16,036)	392,556	370,001	
Grifols Biotest Holding, GmbH	Germany	Corporate	100.000		100.000	50	610,884		-	- (5,562)	605,372	872,514	
												5 224 692	7.022
												5,324,682	7,023

⁽¹⁾ The acquisition cost of certain investments might be modified in specific circumstances, although the Company considers that they will not occur, but in any case their impact would not be significant.

⁽²⁾ Biotest AG is the parent company of the Biotest Group, which is composed of the following companies: Biotest Austria, GmbH; Biotest Italia, S.R.L.; Biotest (UK) Ltd.; Biotest (Schweiz) AG; Biotest Hungaria Kft; Biotest Farmacêutica LTDA; Biotest Hellas M.E.P.E.; Biotest France SAS; Biotest Pharmaceuticals Ilaç Pazarlama Anonim Sirketi; Biotest Medical, S.L.U.; Biotest Pharma, GmbH; BioDarou PLC; Biotest Grundstücksverwaltungs GmbH; Plasma Service Europe GmbH; Cara Plasma s.r.o. y Plazmaszolgálat Kft.

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thousand Euros % ownership Other Carrying Dividends Registered Profit/(loss) Share equity Interim amount of received investment (1) Name office Activity Dir Ind Total capital Reserves items dividends for the year Total equity in 2021 100.000 Alkahest, Inc. United States Research 100.000 37,768 (89,797)(5,501)(76.547)(134,077)Kiro Grifols, S.L. 90.000 90.000 3 6,681 (3,408)3,276 45,703 Spain Research (formerly Kiro Robotics S.L.) United States 35.130 35.130 Aradigm Corporation Research VCN Biosciences, S.L. Spain Research 86.827 86.827 216 2,183 (1,666)733 37,407 Progenika Biopharma, S.A. Industrial 100.000 100.000 615 34,205 2,587 79,619 Spain Instituto Grifols, S.A. 99.998 0.002 100.000 1.212 2,750 Spain Industrial 1.538 175,326 114,282 292,358 55% (economic 55% (economic rights)/ rights)/ Diagnostic Grifols, S.A. 119,203 123 2,951 122,614 Spain Industrial 337 60% (voting 60% (voting rights) rights) Grifols Movaco, S.A. Spain Commercial 99,999 0.001 100.000 2,405 13.055 327 13,179 28,966 4.232 Laboratorios Grifols, S.A. Spain Industrial 98.600 1.400 100.000 21,798 10,626 274 (20,853)11,845 91,888 Gripdan Invest, S.L Spain Services 100.000 --100.000 3,006 3,378 2,482 8.866 24,584 Biomat, S.A. 99.900 2,439 96 735 Spain Industrial 0.100 100.000 60 3,330 156 Grifols International, S.A. Spain Commercial 99.998 0.002 100.000 2,860 46,996 3,429 8,875 62,160 6,289 Grifols Engineering, S.A. Spain Industrial 99.950 0.050 100.000 60 2.149 52 977 3,238 113 --Grifols Viajes, S.A. 1,429 394 735 Spain Services 99.900 0.100 100.000 60 (1,095)Araclon Biotech, S.L. 75.850 75.850 12 5,606 (4,507)1,111 Spain Research Grifols Worldwide Operations USA Inc. 41,218 3,045 45,975 United States Industrial --100.000 100.000 --1,712 Grifols Chile, S.A. Chile 99.000 99.000 385 24,016 (5,948)251 18,704 385 Commercial Grifols Argentina, S.A. Argentina Commercial 95.010 4.990 100.000 956 27,768 (22,117)1,982 8,589 7,209 Logística Grifols, S.A. de CV M exico Commercial 99.990 0.010 100.000 92 4,465 (630)140 4,067 235 Grifols Portugal Productos Farmacéuticos e 0.010 100.000 Portugal Commercial 99.990 512 7,960 1,158 9,630 Hospitalares, Lda. Czech Grifols, s.r.o. Commercial 100.000 100.000 52 6,860 527 880 8.319 52 Republic Grifols USA, LLC United States 100.000 100.000 562 45,541 578 109,865 156,546 Commercial United Grifols UK, Ltd. 100.000 100.000 1,376 9,200 21,426 7,936 (116)Commercial Kingdom

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 12 to the annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

% ownership Thousand Euros Other Carrying Dividends Registered Share Profit/(loss) equity Interim amount of received Name office Activity Dir Ind Total capital Reserves items dividends for the year Total equity investment (1) in 2021 Grifols Italia, S.p.A. 10,512 5,316 Italy Commercial 100.000 100.000 2,496 6,257 1,759 Grifols Brasil, Lda. Brazil Commercial 99.9996 0.0001 100.000 75,265 (2,745)(20,042)(6,550)45,928 51,076 Grifols France, S.A.R.L. France 99.990 0.010 100.000 658 4,182 1,050 5,890 658 Commercial Biomat USA, Inc. United States 1,111,652 29,302 1,169,609 Industrial 76.210 76.210 28,655 Squadron Reinsurance Designated 100.000 100.000 Activity Company Ireland Services 635 77,589 (2,964)9,235 84,495 --(formerly Squadron Reinsurance Ltd.) 100.000 100.000 Grifols Biologicals, LLC. United States 148,327 29,811 14,314 192,452 Industrial Grifols Shared Services North America, Inc. United States 100.000 100.000 2,179,385 368,767 50,555 2,598,707 1.214.815 Services (formerly Grifols Inc.) Grifols Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. Singap ore Commercial 100.000 100.000 362 11,442 1,080 1,395 14,279 885 Grifols (Thailand), Ltd. Thailand Commercial 48.000 48.000 61 7,355 658 420 8,494 4,427 Grifols Malaysia Sdn Bhd Malaysia Commercial 49.000 49.000 30 (48)1,365 5,774 Grifols Polska, Sp.z.o.o. Poland Commercial 100.000 100.000 11 3,180 556 3,747 11 Grifols México, S.A. de CV 99.980 0.020 100.000 461 15.852 (3,632)40 12,721 461 M exico Commercial Grifols Australia Pty Ltd. Australia Industrial 100.000 100.000 1,695 9,870 (1,814)345 10,096 34,974 55% (economic 55% (economic rights)/ rights)/ Medion Grifols Diagnostic AG Switzerland Industrial 2,487 6,838 236 3,599 13,160 60% (voting 60% (voting rights) rights) Grifols Colombia, Ltda. Colombia Commercial 99.990 0.010 100.000 823 513 (447)(43) 846 575 Grifols Nordic AB Sweden 100.000 100.000 10 3,196 (196)393 3,403 5.145 Commercial Grifols Deutschland, GmbH Germany Commercial 100.000 100.000 25 6,950 (679)6,301 12,597 7,091 819,979 Grifols Therapeutic LLC. United States Industrial 100.000 100.000 (2,886)302,969 177,893 1,297,955 Talecris Plasma Resources Inc. United States Industrial 76.210 14,443 (2,524)76.210 14,240 26,159 Grifols Worldwide Operations Ltd. 100.000 Ireland Industrial 100.000 365,860 15,176 11,302 19,963 412,301 512,306 Grifols Pharmaceutical Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (formerly Grifols 100.000 100.000 1,000 9,703 612 2,276 13,591 1,000 China Commercial Pharmaceutical Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.)

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thousand Euros % ownership Other Carrying Dividends Registered Share Profit/(loss) amount of equity Interim received investment (1) Name office Activity Dir Ind Total capital Reserves items dividends for the year Total equity in 2021 55% (economic 55% (economic Grifols Diagnostics Solutions Inc rights)/ rights)/ United States 3,406,287 57,190 130,932 3,594,409 Industrial (formerly G-C Diagnostics Corp.) 60% (voting 60% (voting rights) rights) 55% (economic 55% (economic rights)/ rights)/ Grifols (H.K.), Ltd. 37,899 38,303 6,507 3,145 85,854 Hong Kong Commercial 60% (voting 60% (voting rights) rights) Grifols Japan K.K. Japan Commercial 100.000 100.000 354 2,178 (39)1,075 3,568 709 Grifols Pharmaceutical Technology Co., China Commercial 100.000 100.000 (6,871)(450)(1,799)(9,120)Ltd. Beijing Branch Grifols India Healthcare Private Ltd. India Commercial 99.984 0.016 100.000 2 749 (93)884 1,542 601 Grifols Canada, Ltd. Canada Industrial 100.000 100.000 3,934 (1,108)(604)1,566 3,788 2,074 Grifols Diagnostics Equipment Taiwan Ltd. 100.000 100.000 181 951 198 67 Taiwan Commercial 1,397 181 Grifols Innovation and New Ireland Research 100.000 100.000 305,313 6,365 (86,348)225,330 Technologies Ltd. AlbaJuna Therapeutics, S.L Spain Research 49.000 49.000 10 1,919 24 (1,559)394 Grifols Bio Supplies Inc. United States Industrial 76.210 76.210 103 45,936 (1,244)(3,563)41,232 (formerly Interstate Blood Bank, Inc.) 19.330 Singulex, Inc. United States Research 19.330 3,145 Chiquito Acquisition Corp. United States Corporate 100.000 100.000 60,094 (2,680)60,559 --Access Biologicals, LLC. and Subsidiaries. 49.000 49.000 United States Industrial 5,215 17,416 22,631 Aigües Minerals Vilajuïga, S.A. Spain Industrial 99.990 0.010 100.000 75 1,699 (1,508)266 38 GigaGen Inc. United States Industrial 100.000 43.960 5,676 335 (4,350)1,662 Plasmavita Healthcare GmbH Germany Industrial --50.000 50.000 25 2,412 20,000 2,178 24,615 Goetech LLC (D/B/A Medkeeper) United States Industrial 100.000 100.000 47,005 5,374 3,112 55,491 Mecwins, S.A. Industrial 24.990 24.990 141 7,799 112 (682)7,370 Spain Biomat USA South, Inc. United States Industrial 76.210 76.210 --Medcom, S.A. Spain Research 45.000 45.000 Plasmavita Healthcare II GmbH Austria Industrial 50.000 50.000 35 (1,105)6,100 63 5,093 ----Shanghai RAAS Blood Products Co. Ltd. China Corporate 26.200 26.200 844,139 2,246,682 336,803 166,933 3,594,557 1,807,351 5,758

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 12 to the annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

			% (ownership		Thousand Euros							
Name	Registered office	Activity	Dir	Ind	Total	Share capital	Reserves	Other equity items	Interim dividends	Profit/(loss) for the year	Total equity	Carrying amount of investment (1)	Dividends received in 2021
Grifols Korea Co. Ltd.	South Korea	Commercial	100.000		100.000	75	(3)	19	-	1,210	1,301	73	
Grifols Canada Therapeutics Inc. (formerly Green Cross Biotherapeutics, Inc)	Canada	Industrial	100.000		100.000	(983)	388,295	30,400	-	(3,292)	414,420	19,711	
Grifols Laboratory Solutions Inc.	United States	Commercial		100.000	100.000		1,409	(63)	-	(2,621)	(1,275)		
Grifols Middle East & Africa LLC	Egypt	Services	99.990	0.010	100.000	30		(5)	-	(142)	(117)	30	
Biomat Newco, Corp.	United States	Industrial		87.100	87.100		481,498	4,659	-		486,157		
Biomat Holdco, LLC.	United States	Services		100.000	100.000		63,952	8,161	-		72,113		
Grifols Bio North America, LLC.	United States	Industrial		100.000	100.000			6	-	338	344		
Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A.	Spain	Services	100.000		100.000	60			-	(17,397)	(17,337)	60	
Grifols Pyrenees Research Center, S.L.	Andorra	Industrial		80.000	80.000				-				
Prometic Plasma Resources, Inc.	Canada	Industrial		100.000	100.000				-				
Grifols Egypt for Plasma Derivatives (S.A.E.)	Egypt	Industrial	49.000		49.000	66,178			-	(1,191)	64,987	32,645	
												3,983,162	5,758

⁽¹⁾ The acquisition cost of certain investments might be modified in specific circumstances, although the Company considers that they will not occur, but in any case their impact would not be significant.

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	11000 1110 2211 00							
	N	on-current			Current			
2022	Amortised cost	Fair value	Total	Amortis ed cost	Fair value	Total	Hierarchy	
Financial assets at amortised cost								
Loans								
Fixed rate loans	2,477,465	-	2,477,465	100,000	-	100,000		
Variable rate loans	4,667,290	-	4,667,290	8,262	-	8,262		
Loans, Tax effect	-	-	-	14,771	-	14,771		
Trade receivables	-	-	-	51,031	-	51,031		
Deposits and guarantees	2,222	-	2,222	33	-	33		
Other trade receivables	-	-	-	1,068	-	1,068		
Other receivables	-	-	-	171	-	171		
Total	7,146,977	-	7,146,977	175,336	-	175,336		
Financial assets at fair value with changes through equity account								
Derivatives		26,977	26,977	-	11,536	11,536	Level 2	
Total		26,977	26,977	-	11,536	11,536		
Total financial assets	7,146,977	26,977	7,173,954	175,336	11,536	186,872		

Classification of Financial Assets by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	11000 1110 2211 00							
	N	on-current			Current			
2021	Amortised cost	Fair value	Total	Amortis ed cost	Fair value	Total	Hierarchy	
Financial assets at amortised cost								
Loans								
Fixed rate loans	2,525,000	-	2,525,000	150,000	-	150,000		
Variable rate loans	4,452,554	-	4,452,554	2,757	-	2,757		
Loans, Tax effect	-	-	-	108,726	-	108,726		
Trade receivables	-	-	-	74,576	-	74,576		
Deposits and guarantees	1,552	-	1,552	6	-	6		
Other trade receivables	-	-	-	227	-	227		
Other receivables		-	-	280	-	280		
Total	6,979,106	-	6,979,106	336,572	-	336,572		
Financial assets at fair value with changes through profit and loss account								
Derivatives	<u>-</u>	2,068	2,068		3,238	3,238	Level 2	
Total		2,068	2,068	-	3,238	3,238		
Total financial assets	6,979,106	2,068	6,981,174	336,572	3,238	339,810		

Details of Reserves and Profit and movement for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Legal and statutory reserves	Differences on translation of capital to Euros	Voluntary reserves	Profit for the year	Total
Balance at 1 January 2022	23,921	3	1,790,746	(140,728)	1,673,942
Recognised income and expense	-	-		(266,296)	(266,296)
Allocation 2021 losses					
Reserves	-	-	(140,728)	140,728	-
Other movements		-	2,187	-	2,187
Balance at 31 December 2022	23,921	3	1,652,205	(266,296)	1,409,833

Details of Reserves and Profit and movement for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Legal and statutory reserves	Differences on translation of capital to Euros	Voluntary reserves	Profit for the year	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021	23,921	3	1,974,864	64,748	2,063,536
Recognised income and expense	-	-	-	(140,728)	(140,728)
Distribution 2020 profit					
Reserves	-	-	62,134	(62,134)	-
Dividend	-	-	-	(2,614)	(2,614)
Dividend	-	-	(247,520)	-	(247,520)
Other movements		-	1,268	-	1,268
Balance at 31 December 2021	23,921	3	1,790,746	(140,728)	1,673,942

Details of Financial Liabilities by Category for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thous and Euros

		Non-current			Current		
2022	Amortis ed cost	Fair value	Total	Amortised cost	Fair value	Total	Hierarchy
Liabilities at amortised cost							
Bonds and other marketable securities							
Fixed rate (1)	2,556,641	-	2,556,641	12,554	-	12,554	
Loans with Group companies							
Variable rate Loans	4,408,547	-	4,408,547	23,172	-	23,172	
Fixed rate Loans	2,010,624	-	2,010,624	17,148	-	17,148	
Loans, tax effect	-	-	-	21,400	-	21,400	
Loans and borrowings							
Fixed rate	95,625	-	95,625	21,637	-	21,637	
Variable rate	1,244,848	-	1,244,848	39,262	-	39,262	
Finance lease payables	52	-	52	391	-	391	
Other financial liabilities	576	-	576	942	-	942	
Trade and other payables							
Suppliers	-	-	-	58,812	-	58,812	
Suppliers, Group companies	-	-	-	9,235	-	9,235	
Other payables		-	-	11,541	-	11,541	
Total	10,316,913	-	10,316,913	216,094	-	216,094	
Liabilities at fair value with changes through equity							
Derivatives	-	3,990	3,990	-	-	-	Level 2
Total	-	3,990	3,990	-	-	-	
Total financial liabilities	10,316,913	3,990	10,320,903	216,094	_	216,094	

⁽¹⁾ Bonds that are traded in active markets; their fair value amounts to Euros 2,378,744 thousand (market price on the valuation date), of which Euros 12,554 thousand have a short-term maturity.

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 19 to the annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

Details of Financial Liabilities by Category for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

		Thousand Lan 05									
		Non-current			Current						
2021	Amortised cost	Fair value	Total	Amortis ed cost	Fair value	Total					
Liabilities at amortised cost											
Bonds and other marketable securities											
Fixed rate (1)	2,553,548	-	2,553,548	110,638	-	110,638					
Loans with Group companies											
Variable rate Loans	4,605,868	-	4,605,868	17,424	=	17,424					
Loans, tax effect	-	-	-	25,160	-	25,160					
Loans and borrowings											
Fixed rate	116,875	-	116,875	21,250	-	21,250					
Variable rate	1,246,330	-	1,246,330	20,830	-	20,830					
Finance lease payables	430	-	430	710	-	710					
Other financial liabilities	1,148	-	1,148	1,413	-	1,413					
Trade and other payables		-			-						
Suppliers	-	-	-	71,538	-	71,538					
Suppliers, Group companies	-	-	-	15,624	-	15,624					
Other payables	-	-	-	12,547	-	12,547					
Total financial liabilities	8,524,199	-	8,524,199	297,134	-	297,134					

⁽¹⁾ Bonds that are traded in active markets; their fair value amounts to Euros 2,785,504 thousand (market price on the valuation date), of which Euros 110,638 thousand have a short-term maturity.

Classification of Financial Liabilities by Maturity for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

				2022				
	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Subsequent years	Less current portion	Total non-current
Loans								
Bonds and other marketable securities	12,554	-	1,827,863	-	728,778	-	(12,554)	2,556,641
Loans and borrowings	60,899	32,447	31,387	31,345	1,234,669	10,625	(60,899)	1,340,473
Finance lease payables	391	25	24	2	1	-	(391)	52
Derivatives	-	3,990	-	-	-	-	-	3,990
Other financial liabilities	942	521	55	-	-	-	(942)	576
Group companies and associates	61,720	-	-	-	4,408,547	2,010,624	(61,720)	6,419,171
Trade and other payables								
Suppliers	58,812	-	-	-	-	-	(58,812)	-
Suppliers, Group companies	9,235	-	-	-	-	-	(9,235)	-
Personnel	11,541	-	-	-	-	-	(11,541)	
Total financial liabilities	216,094	36,983	1,859,329	31,347	6,371,995	2,021,249	(216,094)	10,320,903

Classification of Financial Liabilities by Maturity for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

				2021				
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Subsequent years	Less current portion	Total non-current
Loans								
Bonds and other marketable securities	110,638	-	-	1,822,748	-	730,800	(110,638)	2,553,548
Loans and borrowings	42,080	22,752	32,427	31,387	31,345	1,245,294	(42,080)	1,363,205
Finance lease payables	710	388	21	21	-	-	(710)	430
Other financial liabilities	1,413	573	521	54	-	-	(1,413)	1,148
Group companies and associates	42,584	-	-	-	-	4,605,868	(42,584)	4,605,868
Trade and other payables								
Suppliers	71,538	-	-	-	-	-	(71,538)	-
Suppliers, Group companies	15,624	-	-	-	-	-	(15,624)	-
Personnel	12,547	-	-	-	-	-	(12,547)	
Total financial liabilities	297,134	23,713	32,969	1,854,210	31,345	6,581,962	(297,134)	8,524,199

Main characteristics of payables for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

						Book va	llue
Loan	Currency	Interest rate	Grant date	Maturity	Amount received	Current	Non-current
Group							
		6.16% (Group senior debt interest rate + 1.10%)		2025			
Cash pooling (Note 20)	EUR	interest rate (1.1070)		2027	-	-	4,408,547
Group loan from Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A. (Note 20)	EUR	3.875%	21/04/2022	15/10/2028	1,366,088	-	1,366,088
Group loan from Grifols Escrow Issuer, S.A. (Note 20)	USD	4.75%	21/04/2022	15/10/2028	644,536	-	644,536
					2,010,624	-	6,419,171
Unrelated parties:							
Senior Unsecured Notes	EUR	3.20%	26/04/2017	26/04/2025	1,000,000	-	995,301
Senior Secured Notes	EUR	2.25%	15/11/2019	15/11/2027	770,000	-	728,778
Senior Secured Notes	EUR	1.63%	15/11/2019	15/02/2025	905,000	-	832,562
European Investment Bank	EUR	2.02%	22/12/2017	22/12/2027	85,000	10,625	42,500
European Investment Bank	EUR	2.15%	25/09/2018	25/09/2028	85,000	10,625	53,125
Tranche B	EUR	Euribor +2,25%	15/11/2019	15/11/2027	1,360,000	403	1,243,821
Bankinter	EUR	1,76% - 4,87%	21/11/2014	30/09/2024	10,000	1,067	1,027
Others, credit facilities	EUR			2023	-	13,887	-
Factoring, BBVA	EUR			2023		14,278	-
					4,215,000	50,885	3,897,114
					6,225,624	50,885	10,316,285

Thousand Euros

GRIFOLS, S.A.

Main characteristics of payables for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

2021

						Book va	lue
Loan	Currency	Interest rate	Grant date	Maturity	Amount received	Current	Non-current
<u>Group</u>							
Cash pooling (note 20)	EUR	4.42% (Group senior debt interest rate + 1.10%)		2027		-	4,605,868
					-	-	4,605,868
Unrelated parties:							
Senior Unsecured Notes	EUR	3.20%	26/04/2017	26/04/2025	1,000,000		993,284
Senior Secured Notes	EUR	2.25%	15/11/2019	15/11/2027	770,000	30,391	730,800
Senior Secured Notes	EUR	1.63%	15/11/2019	15/02/2025	905,000	67,144	829,464
European Investment Bank	EUR	2.02%	22/12/2017	22/12/2027	85,000	10,625	53,125
European Investment Bank	EUR	2.15%	25/09/2018	25/09/2028	85,000	10,625	63,750
Tranche B	EUR	Euribor +2,25%	15/11/2019	15/11/2027	1,360,000	(2,784)	1,244,244
Bankinter	EUR	1,82% - 1,76%	21/11/2014	30/09/2024	10,000	1,060	2,086
Other	EUR			2022	-	25	-
Factoring, BBVA	EUR			2022	-	22,057	-
					4,215,000	139,143	3,916,753
					4,215,000	139,143	8,522,621

Reconciliation between net income and expense for the year and the tax loss for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Thousand Lartos								
		Income statement		Income at	nd expense recognised i	n equity			
2022	Increases	Decreases	Net	Increases	Decreases	Net	Total		
Income and expenses for the period			(266,296)			15,806	(250,490)		
Income tax			(49,299)			(3,951)	(53,250)		
Income tax, prior years			7,027				7,027		
Other income tax			702				702		
Losses before income tax			(307,866)			11,855	(296,011)		
Permanent differences									
Individual company	24,498	6,672	17,826	-	-	-	17,826		
Tax consolidation adjustments	101,954	-	101,954	-	-	-	101,954		
Temporary differences									
Individual company									
Originating in current year	603	7	596	-	-	-	596		
Originating in prior years	488	5,568	(5,080)	-	-	-	(5,080)		
Taxloss			(192,570)			11,855	(180,715)		

Reconciliation between net income and expense for the year and the tax loss for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

		Income statement		Income and	d expense recognised in	n equity	
2021	Increases	Decreases	Net	Increases	Decreases	Net	Total
Income and expenses for the period			(140,728)			12	(140,716)
Income tax			(41,803)			(3)	(41,806)
Income tax, prior years			6,739			-	6,739
Other income tax			576			-	576
Losses before income tax			(175,216)			9	(175,207)
Permanent differences							
Individual company	24,688	5,471	19,217	-	-	-	19,217
Tax consolidation adjustments	23,510	-	23,510	-	-	-	23,510
Temporary differences							
Individual company							
Originating in current year	599	-	599	-	-	-	599
Originating in prior years	1,035	7,120	(6,085)	-	-	-	(6,085)
Taxloss			(137,975)			9	(137,966)

Details of income tax expense/(tax income) related to profit/(loss) for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thousand Euros Profit and loss Total Income and expenses for the period before tax (307,866)(307,866) Tax at 25% (76,967)(76,967)Non-taxable income Dividends, double taxation (exemption) (1,668)(1,668)Non-deductible expenses Donations 1,626 1,626 Deductions and credits for the current year (2,277)(2,277)Provision of financial fixed assets 29,987 29,987 Other corporate tax expenses (other territories) 702 702 27 27 Adjustment of deductions in prior years 7,000 7,000 Non-deductible provisions (41,570)(41,570)Taxable income/(tax loss)

Details of income tax expense/(tax income) related to profit/(loss) for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thous and Euros Profit and loss Total Income and expenses for the period before tax (175,216)(175,216) Tax at 25% (43,804) (43,804)Non-taxable income Dividends, double taxation (exemption) (1,224)(1,224)Non-deductible expenses Donations 1,845 1,845 Deductions and credits for the current year (2,587)(2,587)Prior years' adjustments 177 177 Provision of financial fixed assets 10,060 10,060 Other corporate tax expenses (other territories) 576 576 469 469 Adjustment of deductions in prior years (34,488)(34,488)Taxable income/(tax loss)

Related Party Balances for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thous and Euros Other related Group Associates Total Directors 2022 companies parties Non-current investments in Group companies Loans to companies 7,144,755 7,144,755 559 1,502 Deposits and guarantees 943 Total non-current assets 7,145,314 943 7,146,257 Trade and other receivables (note 14) Trade receivables from Group and associates 47,183 3,015 50,198 Current investments in Group companies and associates Loans to companies 123,033 123,033 Total current assets 170,216 3,015 173,231 Total assets 7,315,530 3,015 943 7,319,488 Non-current payables to Group companies 6,419,171 6,419,171 Total non-current liabilities 6,419,171 6,419,171 Current payables to Group companies and associates 61,720 61,720 Trade and other payables (note 21) Suppliers 4.572 4,572 Suppliers, Group companies and associates 9,235 9,235 Total current liabilities 70,955 4.572 75,527 Total liabilities 6,490,126 4,572 6,494,698

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 24 to the annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

5.071

4,669,147

GRIFOLS, S.A.

Related Party Balances for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

Thous and Euros Group Other related Associates Directors Total 2021 companies parties Non-current investments in Group companies Loans to companies 6,977,554 6,977,554 559 749 1,308 Deposits and guarantees Total non-current assets 6,978,113 749 6,978,862 Trade and other receivables (note 14) Trade receivables - current 1,272 1,272 Trade receivables from Group and associates 67,925 3,720 71,645 Current investments in Group companies and associates Loans to companies 261,483 261,483 Total current assets 329,408 3,720 1,272 334,400 Total assets 7,307,521 3,720 2,021 7,313,262 Non-current payables to Group companies 4,605,868 4,605,868 Total non-current liabilities 4,605,868 4,605,868 Current payables to Group companies and associates 42,584 42,584 Trade and other payables (note 21) Suppliers 5,071 5,071 Suppliers, Group companies and associates 15,624 15,624 Total current liabilities 58,208 5,071 63,279

4,664,076

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 24 to the annual accounts, in conjunction with which it should be read.

Total liabilities

Related Party Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

2022	Group companies	Associates	Key management personnel	Directors	Other related parties	Total
Licencing income	30,953	-	-	-	-	30,953
Other services rendered	160,354	4,109	-	-	3,464	167,927
Finance income	282,305	-	-	-	-	282,305
Dividends	-	7,023	-	-	-	7,023
Total income	473,612	11,132	<u>-</u>	-	3,464	488,208
Operating lease expenses	4,087	-	-	_	6,300	10,387
Other services received	10,419	-	-	-	3,833	14,252
Remunerations	-	-	6,201	4,428	-	10,629
Financial expenses	293,853	-	-	-	-	293,853
Total expenses	308,359	-	6,201	4,428	10,133	329,121
Cost of assets acquired						
Intangibles	466	-	-	-	-	466
Tangibles	773	-	-	-	-	773
Total investments	1,239	-	-	-	-	1,239

Related Party Transactions for the year ended 31 December 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

2021	Group companies	Associates	Key management personnel	Directors	Other related parties	Total
-			•		•	
Licencing income	25,924	-	-	-	-	25,924
Other services rendered	141,512	3,705	-	-	7,326	152,543
Finance income	240,347	-	-	-	-	240,347
Dividends	-	5,758	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	5,758
Total income	407,783	9,463	-	-	7,326	424,572
Operating lease expenses	3,910	-	-	-	5,332	9,242
Other services received	15,053	-	-	-	3,963	19,016
Remunerations	-	-	7,737	4,416	-	12,153
Financial expenses	182,964	-	-	-	-	182,964
Total expenses	201,927	-	7,737	4,416	9,295	223,375
Cost of assets acquired						
Intangibles	185	-	-	-	-	185
Total investments	185	-	-	-	-	185

Details of Revenues by Category of Activity and Geographical Market for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021

(Free translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails)

	Domestic		Rest of European Union		United St	United States		Rest of the world		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021	2020	
Revenue from the rendering of services	70,428	62,597	41,305	35,673	48,209	47,889	8,416	6,548	168,358	152,707	
Licencing income	30,953	25,924	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,953	25,924	
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,023	5,758	7,023	5,758	
Financial income	30	28	282,275	240,319	-	-	-	-	282,305	240,347	
	101,411	88,549	323,580	275,992	48,209	47,889	15,439	12,306	488,639	424,736	

Directors' report

To the shareholders:

1. Business performance and position of the Company

Grifols, S.A. is a Spanish holding company specialised in the pharmaceutical-clinical sector. It is the parent company of the Grifols Group and its principal activities are as follows:

- Defining action plans and general procedures for the entire Group.
- Planning future investments by entering new markets or through product diversification.
- Providing support to the various functional areas in each Group company (products division, technical division, marketing/sales division, scientific division, financial division and planning and control division).
- Leasing owned buildings to Group companies.
- Rendering services to subsidiaries such as personnel recruitment and management, communications and corporate image, IT services and maintenance.

The Company obtains its income from leasing its buildings and rendering services, and through dividends from its subsidiaries.

2. Forecast

The Company's profits could be affected by events related to the activities of its subsidiaries, such as a lack of raw materials for product manufacturing, the arrival of competitor products on the market or regulatory changes in the markets in which it operates.

At the date of authorisation for issue of these annual accounts, the Company has taken the measures it considers appropriate to mitigate any possible effects arising from the afore mentioned events.

3. Treasury stock

At 31 December 2022, the Company has treasury stock of Euros 162,220 thousand, as described in note 17 of the accompanying annual accounts. Transactions involving treasury stock in 2022 are described in note 17 of the accompanying annual accounts.

4. Research and development

The Company does not conduct any research and development activities.

5. Management of financial risks

The Company's financial risk management policy is detailed in note 11 to the accompanying annual accounts.

6. Deferred payments to suppliers

The average payment period to the Company's suppliers for 2022 is 56 days, which is below the maximum period of 60 days established by the transitional arrangement set out in the Spanish Law 15/2010. Regarding the payments made after the regulatory deadline, the Company is studying the best practices to reduce the average number of days.

7. Financial instruments use

- On 28 June 2022 the Company entered into a fixed-for-fixed currency swap agreement with due date 15 October 2024. The agreement set the exchange of currency flows EUR-USD under the following terms:
 - Grifols, S.A. received a loan in euros for an amount of Euros 194 million with an interest rate of 3.10%.
 - Grifols S.A. granted a loan in US dollars for an amount of US Dollars 205 million with an interest rate of 4.75%.
- On 5 October 2021 the Company entered into a fixed-for-fixed currency swap agreement with some financial entities with due date 15 October 2024. The agreement set the exchange of currency flows EUR-USD under the following terms:
 - Grifols, S.A. received a loan in euros for an amount of Euros 173 million with an interest rate of 3.78%.
 - Grifols S.A. granted a loan in US dollars for an amount of US Dollars 200 million with an interest rate of 4.75%.

Directors' report

- On 5 October 2021 the Company entered into two fixed-for-fixed currency swap agreements with due date 15 October 2024. The agreement set the exchange of currency flows EUR-USD under the following terms:
 - Grifols, S.A. received a loan in euros for an amount of Euros 259 million with an interest rate of 3.59%.
 - Grifols S.A. granted a loan in US dollars for an amount of US Dollars 300 million with an interest rate of 4.75%.

Regarding the financial derivative agreement dated on October 5, 2021, it was considered as a hedge instrument on 21 April 2022.

8. Non-financial information statement

The non-financial information statement is presented in the consolidated Directors' report of the Grifols, S.A and Subsidiaries Group of which the Company forms part, and has been prepared in line with the requirements set out in Law 11/2018 of 28 December 2018 on non-financial information and diversity, approved on 13 December 2018 by the Spanish Congress of Representatives, amending the Spanish Code of Commerce, the Revised Spanish Companies Act approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/2010 of 2 July 2010 and Spanish Audit Law 22/2015 of 20 July 2015, as regards non-financial information and diversity (under Royal-Decree Law 18/2017 of 24 November 2017).

9. Annual Corporate Governance report and Annual Report on Remuneration of Directors

The Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Remuneration of Directors of Grifols, S.A. forms part of this Directors' report and is available at www.grifols.es. It is also published as Other Relevant Information on the Spanish National Securities Market Commission (CNMV) website.

10. Subsequent events

On February 15, 2023, the Group announced the implementation of a plan to optimise costs and improve organisational efficiency. This plan will imply a workforce reduction that will affect Grifols, S.A. as a result of the rationalisation of the corporate functions in Spain.

At their meeting held on 23 February 2023, pursuant to the requirements of article 253.2 of the Revised Spanish Companies Act and article 37 of the Spanish Code of commerce, the Directors of Grifols, S.A. authorised for issue the annual accounts and Directors' report for the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022. The annual accounts and Directors' report comprise the documents that precede this certification.

Thomas Glanzmann	Raimon Grifols Roura	Víctor Grifols Deu		
(signed)	(signed)	(signed)		
Executive Chairman	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Executive Officer		
Víctor Grifols Roura	Carina Szpilka Lázaro	Tomás Dagà Gelabert		
(signed)	(signed)	(signed)		
Board member	Board member	Board member		
Iñigo Sánchez-Asiaín Mardones (signed) Board member	Enriqueta Felip Font (signed) Board member	James Costos (signed) Board member		
Montserrat Muñoz Abellana	Susana González Rodríguez	Nuria Martin Barnés		
(signed)	(signed)	(signed)		
Board member	Board member	Secretary to the Board		